The Huntingdon Journal.

VOL. 47. HUNTINGDON, PA., AUGUST 7, 1872. NO. 31.

The Huntingdon Journal.

J. R. DURBORROW, - - J. A. NASH,
PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

Office on the Corner of Fifth and Washington streets.

THE HUNTINGDON JOURNAL is published every Wednesday, by J. R. DURBORROW and J. A. NASH, under the firm name of J. R. DURBORROW & Co., at $2,00 per annum, IN ADVANCE, or $2,50 if not paid for in six months from date of subscription, and $3 if not paid within the year.

No paper discontinued, unless at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid.

Regular monthly and yearly advertisements will be inserted at the following rates:

	3 m	6 m	9 m	1 y		3 m	6 m	9 m	1 y
1 Inch	2 50	4 00	5 00	6 00	¼ col	9 00	18 00	$ 27	$ 36
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3 "	6 00	10 00	14 00	18 00	¾ "	34 00	50 00	65	85
4 "	8 00	14 00	20 00	24 00					
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Special notices will be inserted at TWELVE AND A HALF CENTS per line, and local and editorial notices at FIFTEEN CENTS per line.

All Resolutions of Associations, Communications of limited or individual interest, and notices of Marriages and Deaths, exceeding five lines, will be charged TEN CENTS per line.

Legal and other notices will be charged to the party having them inserted.

Advertising Agents must find their commission outside of these figures.

All advertising accounts are due and collectable when the advertisement is once inserted.

JOB PRINTING of every kind, in Plain and Fancy Colors, done with neatness and dispatch.—Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards, Pamphlets, &c., of every variety and style, printed at the shortest notice, and every thing in the Printing line will be executed in the most artistic manner and at the lowest rates.

Professional Cards.

B. F. GEHRETT, M. D., *ECLECTIC PHYCICIAN AND SURGEON*, having returned from Clearfield county and permanently located in Shirleysburg, offers his professional services to the people of that place and surrounding country. apr.3-1872.

DR. H. W. BUCHANAN,
DENTIST,
No. 228 Hill Street,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
July 3, '72.

DR. F. O. ALLEMAN can be consulted at his office, at all hours, Mapleton, Pa. [march6,72.

D. CALDWELL, Attorney-at-Law, No. 111, 3d street. Office formerly occupied by Messrs. Woods & Williamson. [ap12,'71.

DR. A. B. BRUMBAUGH, offers his professional services to the community. Office, No. 523 Washington street, one door east of the Catholic Parsonage. [jan.4,'71.

E. J. GREENE, Dentist. Office removed to Leister's new building, Hill street Huntingdon. [jan.4,'71.

G. L. ROBB, Dentist, office in S. T. Brown's new building, No. 520, Hill St., Huntingdon, Pa. [ap12,'71.

H. GLAZIER, Notary Public, corner of Washington and Smith streets, Huntingdon, Pa. [jan.12'71.

H. C. MADDEN, Attorney-at-Law Office, No. —, Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa. [ap.19,'71.

J. FRANKLIN SCHOCK, Attorney-at-Law, HUNTINGDON, PA. june26,'72-6m,

J. SYLVANUS BLAIR, Attorney-at-Law, Huntingdon, Pa. Office, Hill street, hree doors west of Smith. [jan.4'71.

J. R. PATTON, Druggist and Apothecary, opposite the Exchange Hotel, Huntingdon, Pa. Prescriptions accurately compounded. Pure Liquors for Medicinal purposes. [nov.23,'70.

J. HALL MUSSER, Attorney-at-Law, No. 319 Hill st., Huntingdon, Pa. [jan.4,'71.

J. R. DURBORROW, Attorney-at-Law, Huntingdon, Pa., will practice in the several Courts of Huntingdon county. Particular attention given to the settlement of estates of decedents.
Office in he JOURNAL Building. [feb.1,'71.

J. W. MATTERN, Attorney-at-Law and General Claim Agent, Huntingdon, Pa., Soldiers' claims against the Government for back pay, bounty, widows' and invalid pensions attended to with great care and promptness.
Office on Hill street. [jan.4,'71.

K. ALLEN LOVELL, Attorney-at-Law, Huntingdon, Pa. Special attention given to COLLECTIONS of all kinds; to the settlement of Estates, &c.; and all other Legal Business prosecuted with fidelity and dispatch.
☞ Office in room lately occupied by R. Milton Speer, Esq. [jan.4,'71.

MILES ZENTMYER, Attorney-at-Law, Huntingdon, Pa., will attend promptly to all legal business. Office in Cunningham's new building. [jan.4,'71.

P. M. & M. S. LYTLE, Attorneys-at-Law, Huntingdon, Pa., will attend to all kinds of legal business entrusted to their care.
Office on the south side of Hill street, fourth door west of Smith. [jan.4,'71.

R. A. ORBISON, Attorney-at-Law, Office, 321 Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa. [may31,'71.

JOHN SCOTT. S. T. BROWN. J. M. BAILEY
SCOTT, BROWN & BAILEY, Attorneys-at-Law, Huntingdon, Pa. Pensions, and all claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government will be promptly prosecuted.
Office on Hill street. [jan.4,'71.

T. W. MYTON, Attorney-at-Law, Huntingdon, Pa. Office with J. Sewell Stewart, Esq. [jan.4,'71.

WILLIAM A. FLEMING, Attorney-at-Law, Huntingdon, Pa. Special attention given to collections, and all other lsgal business attended to with care and promptness. Office, No. 229, Hill street. [ap19,'71.

Hotels.

MORRISON HOUSE,
OPPOSITE PENNSYLVANIA R. R. DEPOT
HUNTINGDON, PA.
J. H. CLOVER, Prop.
April 5, 1871-1y.

WASHINGTON HOTEL,
S. S. BOWDON, Prop'r.
Corner of Pitt & Juliana Sts., Bedford, Pa. may1.

EXCHANGE HOTEL, Huntingdon, Pa. JOHN S. MILLER, Proprietor.
January 4, 1871.

Miscellaneous.

COLYER & GRAHAM, PAINTERS.
Shop No. 750, Hill Street,
(2d door from S. E. Henry & Co's.,)
Huntingdon, Pa.,
will do all kind of painting cheaper than any firm in town. Give them a call before applying elsewhere. 1may6m.

ISAAC TAYLOR & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF *Hemlock, Pine, and Oak Bill Timber and Shingles*, Osceola, Clearfield county, Pa. They make a specialty of furnishing to order all kinds of

HEMLOCK AND BILL TIMBER.

Orders taken and any information given by M. M. LOGAN, at his office, over the Union Bank, Huntingdon, Pa.
Jan.24,1872-6mo.

R. A. BECK, Fashionable Barber and Hairdresser. Hill street, opposite the Franklin House. All kinds of Tonics and Pomades kept on hand and for sale. [ap19,'71-6m

TO ADVERTISERS:

—:o:—

THE HUNTINGDON JOURNAL.

PUBLISHED

EVERY WEDNESDAY MORNING

BY

J. R. DURBORROW & J. A. NASH.

Office corner of Washington and Bath Sts.,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

—:o:—

THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM

IN

CENTRAL PENNSYLVANIA.

—:o:—

CIRCULATION 1700.

—:o:—

HOME AND FOREIGN ADVERTISEMENTS INSERTED ON REASONABLE TERMS.

—:o:—

A FIRST CLASS NEWSPAPER

—:o:—

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

$2.00 per annum in advance. $2 50 within six months. $3.00 if not paid within the year.

—:o:—

JOB PRINTING:

ALL KINDS OF JOB WORK DONE

WITH

NEATNESS AND DISPATCH,

AND IN THE

LATEST AND MOST IMPROVED STYLE,

SUCH AS

POSTERS OF ANY SIZE,
CIRCULARS,
BUSINESS CARDS,
WEDDING AND VISITING CARDS,
BALL TICKETS,
PROGRAMMES,
CONCERT TICKETS,
ORDER BOOKS,
SEGAR LABELS,
RECEIPTS,
LEGAL BLANKS,
PHOTOGRAPHER'S CARDS,
BILL HEADS,
LETTER HEADS,
PAMPHLETS,
PAPER BOOKS,
ETC., ETC., ETC., ETC., ETC.,

—:o:—

Our facilities for doing all kinds of Job Printing superior to any other establishment in the county. Orders by mail promptly filled. All letters should be addressed,

J. R. DURBORROW & CO

Miscellaneous.

1872. 1872.

CARPETS!! CARPETS!! CARPETS!!
SPRING STOCK.
AT LOWEST PRICES!
JAMES A. BROWN

Is constantly receiving at his new

CARPET STORE,

IN

HUNTINGDON, PA.,
525½ Hill Street.

Beautiful Patterns of Carpets, fresh from the ooms of the manufacturers. His stock comprises

BRUSSELS, INGRAINS,
VENITIAN, WOOL DUTCH,
COTTAGE, HEMP,
LIST and RAG CARPETS
CARPET CHAIN,
COCOA AND CANTON MATTINGS,
FLOOR, STAIR AND TABLE

OIL CLOTHS,

and a large stock of

WALL PAPER,

Window Shades and Fixtures, Drugget, Velvet Rugs, Door Mats, Extra Carpet Thread and Binding. I make a specialty of furnishing Churches and Lodges at City Prices, and invite Furnishing Committees to call and see goods made expressly for their purposes.

Buyers will *save money* and be better suited by going to the *regular* Carpet and Oil Cloth Store, for any of the above goods. I defy competition in prices and variety of beautiful patterns.

I have also the Agency for the Orignal HOWE SEWING MACHINE, IMPROVED, so well known as the best Family Machine in the world

Call at the CARPET STORE and see them.
JAMES A. BROWN.
Feb.14,1872.

W. BUCHANAN J. M. BUCHANAN.

BUCHANAN & SON.
509 HILL STREET,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

We have the the largest, cheapest and best assortment of

COOKING STOVES

West of Philadelphia. We constantly keep on hand

SPEARS',
CALORIFIC,
EXCELSIOR,
OLIVE BRANCH,
PENN,
MORNING LIGHT,
COTTAGE,
STAR, and the
REGULATOR.

EVERY STOVE WARRANTED!

WOOD and WILLOW WARE,
JAPANESE WARE,
TIN AND PAINTED WARE,
TOLEDO PUMPS,
ETC., ETC., ETC. ETC.

Persons going to housekeeping can get everything they need, from a clothes pin to a cooking stove.

ROOFING, SPOUTING & JOB WORK

done at short notice. Give us a call and we feel satisfied you can save money. 10april.

THE MERCHANT TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT, at
OAK HALL,
opposite First National } Is now fully prepared to
Bank Huntingdon, Pa., } make up suits which for

NEATNESS, DURABILITY and *CHEAPNESS*

cannot be equaled in this county. Having just received my

SPRING and SUMMER stock of CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
VESTING,
ETC.,

I ask everybody to call and be convinced of the fact that the most complete Merchant Tailoring establishment is carried on at Oak Hall.

Also Ready-made clothing, for Men, Youths and Boys. Gents Furnishing Goods,

NOTIONS, HOSIERY,
GLOVES,
ETC., ETC., ETC., ETC.

I invite all to call and examine my stock of

READY MADE GOODS;

they are of the best qualities and of all grades and patterns, and I will be able to please all wishing anything in my line.
1maytf. B. F. DOUGLASS.

GRAND DEPOT
FOR
NEW GOODS.

D. P. GWIN

INFORMS THE PUBLIC THAT HE HAS JUST OPENED A SPLENDID STOCK OF NEW GOODS THAT CAN'T BE BEAT IN CHEAPNESS AND QUALITY.

CALL AND SEE.
D. P. GWIN.
Jan. 4, '71.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS
at the Cheap Store of
BENJAMIN JACOBS,
Corner of the Diamond, in Saxton's Building

I have just received a large stock of Ladies' elegant Dress Goods, Gentlemens' Furnishing Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps of all kinds, in endless variety, for ladies, gentlemen, misses and children.

CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS,
GROCERIES,

Coffee, Teas of all kinds, best and common Syrups, Spices, &c. Tobacco and Segars, wholesale and retail.

These goods will be sold as cheap, if not *cheaper*, than any other house in town. "Quick sales and small profits," is my motto.

Thankful for past patronage, I respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.

L. R. NORTON,
Dealer in
PIANOS,
AND STATE AGENT
For the celebrated
JEWETT & GOODMAN ORGAN,
118 Smithfield Street,
Opposite New City Hall,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
(Send for Illustrated Catalogue.)
June 26, 1872-3m.

New Advertisement.

SHERIFF'S SALES.
By virtue of sundry writs of Fi. Fa. and Vend Exp. to me directed, I will expose to public sale at the Court House, in Huntingdon, on MONDAY, August 12, 1872, at 1 o'clock, p. m., the following described real estate, to wit:

All the right, title and interest of Geo. Nolte in all that certain lot of ground, situate on the south side of the Juniata river, opposite the borough of Huntingdon, in the township of Walker, and county of Huntingdon, bounded as follows: Beginning at a mountain gum, thence by lands of John McCahan's heirs, south 63 degrees, east 6 50-100 perches to a post; thence by lands of D Africa, south 6 3-4 degrees, west 23 24-100 perches to a post; thence by land of James Osburn, north 7 degrees, east 29 12-100 perches, to the place of beginning, containing 1 acre and 1 square perch, being the same premises which D. Africa and wife conveyed to George Nolte, by deed, bearing date of 27th of October, 1862, and recorded at Huntingdon, in the office for recording of Deeds, in Record Book Q, No. 2, page 279, on which is erected a three-story Brick Brewery and Dwelling House, containing all the necessary fixtures for running a brewery. Connected therewith is a large vault, hewn out of the solid rock, for the purpose of storing beer. Also, a frame stable, cooper shop, and other outbuildings.

Also, a certain lot of ground, situate on the south side of the Juniata river, opposite the borough of Huntingdon, in the township of Walker, bounded on the north by Crooked Creek, on the east by land of John McCahan, on the south by the Public Road, and on the west by the Public Road, containing about four acres, more or less.—Said lot being quite convenient to the brewery.

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of George Nolte.

ALSO—All the right, title and interest of Jos'n N. Geissinger in all that certain tract of land, situate in Juniata township, in the said county of Huntingdon, bounded by the Raystown Branch of the Juniata river and lands of Levi Ridenour, containing about 105 acres, and having thereon erected a log dwelling house, barn and other outbuildings.

Also, all that certain tract of land, situate in the township aforesaid, bounded on all sides by lands of Levi Ridenour, containing about 10 acres, being the same premises which was conveyed by the heirs of John Ridenour to the said John N. Geissinger by deed, dated January 15th, 1869, and recorded in Huntingdon, in Record Book Y, No. 2, page 294.

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of John N. Geissinger.

ALSO—All the right, title and interest of the defendant in all that certain one-half lot of ground, situate in J. Edgar Thompson's addition to the borough of Huntingdon, fronting 25 feet on Mifflin street and running back, at right angles, 150 feet to an alley, bounded on the north by lot of William & Joseph March, and on the south by lot No. 101, having thereon erected a two story frame house and other outbuildings, it being half of lot No. 106 in the recorded plan of West Huntingdon.

Also, all the right, title and interest of defendant in two certain adjoining lots of ground, situate in J. Edgar Thompson's addition to the borough of Huntingdon, extending 100 in front on Moore street, and running back, at right angles, 150 feet to an alley, being numbered 102 and 105 in the plan of West Huntingdon.

Also, all the right, title and interest of defendant in all that half lot of ground, situate in J. Edgar Thompson's addition to the borough of Huntingdon, extending 25 feet in front on Moore street, and running back, at right angles, 150 feet to an alley, being the half of lot No. 88 in the plan of West Huntingdon.

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Lewis Richter.

ALSO—All the right, title and interest of the defendant in all that certain lot of ground, situate in the borough of Huntingdon, and State of Pennsylvania, at the corner of Seventh and Mifflin streets, extending 50 feet in front on Seventh street and running back, at right angles to said street, along Mifflin street 190 feet, having thereon erected a small one-story frame house, it being lot No. 1 in Dorland's addition to the borough of Huntingdon.

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Daniel G. Nash.

ALSO—All the right, title and interest of defendant in all that certain tract of coal lands, situate on Broad Top Mountain, Carbon township, beginning at a white oak, thence by lands of Cummings & Hartman, north 31° east 225 perches to a stone heap; thence by lands now or formerly owned by A. P. Wilson, south 37° 33' east 21.12 perches to a stone heap; thence south 38° east 5.08 perches to a stone heap; thence by lands of H. B. T. M. R. R. & C. C. south 24° 40' west 7.53 perches to a white oak stump; thence south 63° east 15.37 perches to a post; thence south 38 east 49.80 perches to a stone heap; thence south 51½° west 26.65 perches to a stone heap; thence south 74½° west 64.36 perches to a stone heap; thence by lands of Cummings & Hartman south 30° west 111 perches to a stone heap; thence north 87° west 40 perches to the place of beginning, containing sixty acres and fourteen perches and allowance, be the same more or less.

Also, all the right, title and interest of defendant in that certain tract of coal land, situate in the township of Carbon, beginning at a chestnut oak, thence south 72° west 163 perches to a red oak; thence north 7½° west 70 perches to a chestnut; thence south 83° east 20 perches to a chestnut; thence north 32° east 68 perches to a chestnut; thence north 8° west 14 perches to a black oak; thence north 20° east 42 perches to a chestnut oak; thence 32° east 116 perches to a chestnut oak; thence north 46° east 60 perches to a white oak; thence south 84° east 40 perches to a white oak; thence south 29° west 295 perches to a white oak; thence south 89° east 40 perches to a post; thence north 28° east 112 perches to a red oak; thence south 50° east 41 perches to a chestnut; thence south 68° east 38 perches to a pine; thence south 90° west 50 perches to a chestnut; thence south 41° east 215 perches to the place of beginning, bounded on the east by lands formerly of Thomas W. Horton and Isaac Cook, on the south by lands of Jesse Cook and J. P. Baker, on the east by lands of Henry Houpt, containing 127 acres and 34 perches and allowance, having thereon erected six double miners' houses, four single miners' houses, one store room, stable, trestle work and shutes, two coal mine openings and one coal siding.

Also, all that certain small tract of land, adjoining the above tract on the north, containing three and one-half acres, more or less, bounded by lands of the Semi-Anthracite Company, being the same premises which was conveyed to John Hartman and William Cummings by the Semi-Anthracite Improvement Company, having thereon erected a trestle work, one store house, three double miners' houses and stable.

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of William Cummings.

ALSO—A certain house or plank building, two-stories high, 20x16 feet, located on a lot or piece of ground, situate in the borough of Huntingdon, in that part of said borough known as West Huntingdon, being lot No. 76, and the ground covered by said building, and so much of the parts adjacent as is necessary for the ordinary purposes of the same.

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Olea Robison, owner or reputed owner and contractor.

ALSO—A certain house, weather-boarded and stripped up and down, 16x18 feet, located on a lot or piece of ground, situate in the borough of Huntingdon, in that part of said borough known as West Huntingdon, being lot No. 5 in the extended plan of said borough, in Block No. 9, and the ground covered by said building, and so much of the parts adjacent as is necessary for the ordinary purposes of the same.

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Michael Decker, owner or reputed owner and contractor.

ALSO—Defendant's right, title and interest in all that certain lot of ground, situate in the village of McConnellstown, bounded on the north by main street or public road, on the east by lot of John Johnston, and on the south and west by other land of the defendant, Geo. H. Lang, containing about one-half acre, and having thereon a tannery, known as "Lang's Tannery," situate in Walker township.

Also, all that tract of land, situate in Walker township, adjoining the tannery property above described, bounded on the north by the said tannery property and lands of Joseph McCoy, on the east by lands now of Joseph McCoy, and on the south and west by lands of Thomas Hamer, containing about 21 acres, more or less, being mainly cleared and under fence, having thereon a small orchard, but no buildings except an ice house.

Also, all that certain tract of land, adjoining the village of McConnellstown, bounded on the north by the Huntingdon and Bedford Road, on the east and south by lands of Milton H. Sangree, and on the west by lands of William States, containing about 16 acres, more or less, being under fence, but having no buildings thereon, being the same land bought by said Lang from A. B. Sangree by deed.

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of George H. Lang.

ALSO—All of defendant's right, title and interest in a certain lot of ground, situate in the borough of Mapleton, Huntingdon county, Pa., fronting on Sand street 66 feet and extending back 180 feet to a ridge, containing 1¼ acres, more or less, and having thereon erected a two-story log house, stable and other outbuildings, and now occupied by defendant.

Seized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of John S. Henderson.

☞ Bidders will take notice that 20 per cent. of the purchase money must be paid when the property is knocked down, or it will be put up again for sale. AMON HOUCK,
Sheriff's Office, } [Sheriff.
Huntingdon, July 24, '72. }

New Advertisements.

PROCLAMATION—Whereas, by a precept to me directed, dated at Huntingdon, the 20th day of April, A. D., 1872, under the hands and seal of the Hon. John Dean, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, Oyer and Terminer, and general jail delivery of the 24th Judicial District of Pennsylvania, composed of Huntingdon, Blair and Cambria counties; and the Hons. Anthony J. Beaver and David Clarkson, his associates, Judges of the county of Huntingdon, justices assigned, appointed to hear, try and determine all and every indictment made or taken for or concerning all crimes, which by the laws of the State are made capital, or felonies of death and other offences, crimes and misdemeanors, which have been or shall hereafter be committed or perpetrated, for crimes aforesaid—I am commanded to make public proclamation throughout my whole bailiwick, that a Court of Oyer and Terminer, of Common Pleas and Quarter Sessions will be held at the Court House, in the borough of Huntingdon, on the second Monday (and 12th day) of August, 1872, and those who will prosecute the said prisoners, be then and there to prosecute them as it shall be just, and that all Justices of the Peace, Coroner and Constables within said county, be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock, a. m., of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations and remembrances, to do those things which to their offices respectively appertain.
Dated at Huntingdon, the 17th day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two and the 97th year of American Independence.
AMON HOUCK, SHERIFF.

PROCLAMATION—Whereas, by a precept to me directed by the Judges of the Common Pleas of the county of Huntingdon, bearing test the 20th day of April, A. D., 1872, I am commanded to make public proclamation throughout my whole bailiwick, that a Court of Common Pleas will be held at the Court House, in the borough of Huntingdon, on the 3d Monday, (and 19th day,) of August, A. D., 1872, for the trial of all issues in said Court which remain undetermined before the said Judges, when and where all jurors, witnesses, and suitors, in the trials of all issues are required.
Dated at Huntingdon, the 17th day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two and the 97th year of American Independence.
AMON HOUCK, SHERIFF.

TRIAL LIST FOR AUGTST TERM, 1872.

FIRST WEEK.

Wool & Bacon	vs. A. P. Wilson's Admr.
Tod Township	vs. Abraham Chilcote.
Hannah Rudy	vs. D. R. P. Neely.
Mary A. Weston Exr.	vs. William Johnston.
E. A. Green	vs. The Penn'a. R. R. Co.

SECOND WEEK.

Josephine Seeds	vs. August Kohler.
Grafius Miller, et. al.	vs. Samuel A. Steel, et. al.
County of Huntingden	vs. John Nightwine, et. al.
Rose M. Herror, widow	vs. David Blair.
Jacob Hoffman	vs. John Bare.
John Heffner	vs. Daniel Flenner, et. al.
Adam Houck	vs. Eli Plummer.
Thos. M. M'Garvy	vs. E. A. Green & Co.
Levi Briggs' Admx.	vs. Wm. Cissney.
A. P. Wilson's Admrs	vs. J. Vance Cresswell.
Mather Hamilton	vs. Juniata Valley Fire Ins Company.
John B. Selhamer	vs. Isenberg & Knode.
Same	vs. Same.

M. M. M'NEIL, Proth'y.
Prothonotary Office, July 17, 1872.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given, to all persons interested, that the following named persons have settled their accounts in the Register's Office, at Huntingdon, and that the said accounts will be presented for confirmation and allowance, at an Orphans' Court, to be held at Huntingdon, in and for the county of Huntingdon, on Wednesday, the 14th day of August next, (1872.) to wit:

1. Partial account of William Huey, Administrator of James Fife, late of Brady township, dec'd.
2. Partial account of Levi Detwiler, Administrator of Christian Detwiler, late of Brady tp., dec.
3. Fourth administration account of Hon. John Scott, Executor of John P. Anderson, late of the borough of Huntingdon, dec'd.
4. General Trust account of Hon. John Scott, Trustee under the Will of John P. Anderson, dec'd, for Charles A. Anderson, Ellen P. Anderson, (now Ellen Maguire,) and Guardian and Trustee for Alice C. Anderson and Alexander A. Anderson, children of said deceased.
5. Account of Hon John Scott, Guardian and Trustee of Alice C Anderson, under the Will of her father, John P Anderson, dec'd.
6. Account of Hon John Scott, Trustee of Chas. H Anderson, under the Will of his father, John P Anderson, dec'd.
7. Account of Hon John Scott, Trustee of Ellen A Maguire, under the Will of her father, John P Anderson, dec'd.
8. Account of Hon John Scott, Guardian and Trustee of Alexander A Anderson, under the Will of his father, John P Anderson, dec'd.
9. Guardianship account of Hon S T Brown, Guardian of Martha Campbell, Eliza Campbell and W A Campbell, who are now of age.
10. Account of William H Nail, Guardian of Brown A Francisco Bigelow, as filed by H S Close, Administrator of W H Nail, dec'd.
11. Account of Elizabeth Hallman, Administratrix of George Hallman, dec'd.
12. Account of Peter Shaver, jr., Guardian of Anna M Shaver, minor child of John Shaver, dec'd.
13. Account of Peter Shaver, jr., Guardian of George C Shaver, minor child of Jno Shaver, dec'd.
14. Account of Peter Shaver, jr., Guardian of Harry O Shaver, minor child of Jno Shaver, dec'd.
15. Account of Peter Shaver, jr., Guardian of Elizabeth L Shaver, minor child of John Shaver, dec'd.
16. Account of Peter Shaver, jr., Guardian of Sarah J Shaver, minor child of John Shaver, dec'd, the said Sarah J Shaver now dec'd.
17. Final Account of Peter Shaver, jr., Guardian of Millard Shaver, the said Millard having arrived at his majority.
18. Account of Joseph Parks, Administrator of James Curfman, late of Cass township, dec'd.
19. Partial Account of John K McCahan, Trustee of Thomas S McCahan, now deceased.
20. Account of David Black, Trustee to sell the real estate of Armstrong Willoughby, late of the borough of Huntingdon, dec'd.
21. Account of John P Book, Administrator of Daniel Book, late of Cromwell township, dec'd.
22. Account of William W. Stryker, Administrator of Mahlon T Stryker, late of West township, dec'd.
23. Account of Mahlon T Stryker, Administrator of Mary Stryker, late of West township, dec'd., as filed by W H Stryker, Administrator of Mahlon T Stryker, who is now dec'd.
24. Account of David S Ker, Trustee to sell the real estate of Hon John Ker, dec'd.
25. Account of Isaac Taylor, Administrator of Daniel Curfman, late of Clay township, dec'd.
26. Account of Sarah Steel, Administratrix of Abrm Corbin, late of Barree township, dec'd.
27. Account of Sarah Steel, Administrairix of John Corbin, late of Barree township, dec'd.
28. Account of Ephriam Burket, Executor of Rose C Stewart, late of Morris township, dec'd.
29. Account of James Magill, Administrator of Jane Fitzgerald, late of Jackson township, dec'd.
30. Account of Thomas Kenan, Administrator of Dennis McCarthy, late of the borough of Huntingdon, dec'd.
31. Account of Elijah Morrison, Executor of Samuel Drake, late of the borough of Mount Union, dec'd.
32. Account of John Campbell, Administrator of William E Corbin, late of Alexandria borough, dec'd.
33. Account of Keziah Copenhaver, Administratrix of George Copenhaver, dec'd.
34. Account of Isaac Martin and D S Cunningham, Administrators of Thompson Martin, dec'd.
35. Account of David McGarvey, Trustee to sell the real estate of John Hagie, late of Tell township, dec'd.
36. Account of W. F. Kyle, Administrator, with the Will annexed, of Christian Harnish, dec'd.
37. Account of David McGarvey, Trustee of Abraham Hagie, late of Tell township, dec'd.
38. Account of John Roland and Adam Roland, Administrators of George Roland, dec'd.
39. Account of Isaac Swoope, Administrator of Theophlus Cisney, late of Shirley township, dec'd.

J. E. SMUCKER,
REGISTER'S OFFICE, } Register.
Huntingdon, July 17. }

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested that the following Inventories of the goods and chattels set apart to widows, under the provisions of the Act of 14th of April, a. d., 1851, have been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, and will be presented for "approval by the Court," on Wednesday, Aug. 14th, 1872:

1 Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels taken by the widow of Jacob Stapley, late of West tp., dec'd.
2 Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels taken by the widow of John Thompson, late of the borough of Mt Union, dec'd.
3 Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels taken by the widow of John Smith, late of Barree tp, dec'd.
4 Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels taken by the widow of Wm. J. Householder, late of Huntingdon borough, dec'd.
5 Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels, taken by the widow of John Milliken, late of Barree tp, dec'd.
6 Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels taken by the widow of James Bricker, late of the borough of Huntingdon, dec'd.
7 Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels taken by the widow of James Barr, late of Jackson tp, dec'd.
8 Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels taken by the widow of Henry Strause, late of the borough of Huntingdon, dec'd.
9 Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels taken by the widow of Thomas Dean, late of Juniata tp, dec'd.
10 Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels taken by the widow of Samuel Grove, late of Shirley tp, dec'd.

J. E. SMUCKER,
REGISTER'S OFFICE, } Register.
Huntingdon, July 17. }

[OFFICIAL.]

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES

PASSED AT THE

FIRST SESSION OF THE FORTY-SECOND CONGRESS.

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 62.]

AN ACT to promote the development of the mining resources of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all valuable mineral deposits in lands belonging to the United States, both surveyed and unsurveyed, are hereby declared to be free and open to exploration and purchase, and the lands in which they are found to occupation and purchase, by citizens of the United States and those who have declared their intention to become such, under regulations prescribed by law, and according to the local customs or rules of miners, in the several mining-districts, so far as the same are applicable and not inconsistent with the laws of the United States.

SEC. 2. That mining-claims upon veins or lodes of quartz or other rock in place bearing gold, silver, cinnabar, lead, tin, copper, or other valuable deposits heretofore located, shall be governed as to length along the vein or lode by the customs, regulations, and laws in force at the date of their location. A mining-claim located after the passage of this act, whether located by one or more persons, may equal, but shall not exceed, one thousand five hundred feet in length along the vein or lode; but no location of a mining-claim shall be made until the discovery of the vein or lode within the limits of the claim located. No claim shall extend more than three hundred feet on each side of the middle of the vein at the surface, nor shall any claim be limited by any mining regulation to less than twenty-five feet on each side of the middle of the vein at the surface, except where adverse rights existing at the passage of this act shall render such limitation necessary. The end-lines of each claim shall be parallel to each other.

SEC. 3. That the locators of all mining locations heretofore made, or which shall hereafter be made, on any mineral vein, lode, or ledge, situated on the public domain, their heirs and assigns, where no adverse claims exists at the passage of this act, so long as they comply with the laws of the United States, and with State, territorial, and local regulations not in conflict with said laws of the United States governing their possessory title, shall have the exclusive right of possession and enjoyment of all the surface included within the lines of their locations, and of all veins, lodes, and ledges throughout their entire depth, the top or apex of which lies inside of such surface-lines extended downward vertically, although such veins, lodes, or ledges may so far depart from a perpendicular in their course downward as to extend outside the vertical side-lines of said surface locations: Provided, That their right of possession to such outside parts of said veins or ledges shall be confined to such portions thereof as lie between vertical planes drawn downward as aforesaid, through the end-lines of their locations, so continued in their own direction that such planes will intersect such exterior parts of said veins or ledges: And provided further, That nothing in this section shall authorize the locator or possessor of a vein or lode which extends in its downward course beyond the vertical lines of his claim to enter upon the surface of a claim owned or possessed by another.

SEC. 4. That where a tunnel is run for the development of a vein or lode, or for the discovery of mines, the owners of such tunnel shall have the right of possession of all veins or lodes within three thousand feet from the face of such tunnel on the line thereof, not previously known to exist, discovered in such tunnel, to the same extent as if discovered from the surface; and locations on the line of such tunnel of veins or lodes not appearing on the surface, made by other parties after the commencement of the tunnel, and while the same is being prosecuted with reasonable diligence, shall be valid; but failure to prosecute the work on the tunnel for six months shall be considered as an abandonment of the right to all undiscovered veins on the line of said tunnel.

SEC. 5. That the miners of each mining district may make rules and regulations not in conflict with the laws of the United States, or with the laws of the State or Territory in which the district is situated, governing the location, manner of recording, amount of work necessary to hold possession of a mining-claim, subject to the following requirments: The location must be distinctly marked on the ground so that its boundaries can be readily traced. All records of mining-claims hereafter made shall contain the name or names of the locators, the date of the location, and such a description of the claim or claims located by reference to some natural object or permanent monument as will identify the claim. On each claim located after the passage of this act, and until a patent shall have been issued therefor, not less than one hundred dollars worth of labor shall be performed or improvements made during each year. On claims located prior to the passage of this act, ten dollars' worth of labor shall be performed or improvements made each year for each one hundred feet in length along the vein until a patent shall have been issued therefor; but where such claims are held in common such expenditure may be made upon any one claim; and upon a failure to comply with these conditions, the claim or mine upon which such failure occurred shall be open to relocation in the same manner as if no location of the same had ever been made: Provided, That the original locators, their heirs, assigns, or legal representatives, have not resumed work upon the claim after such failure and before such location. Upon the failure of any one of several co-owners to contribute his proportion of the expenditures required by this act, the co-owners who have performed the labor or made the improvements may, at the expiration of the year, give such delinquent co-owners personal notice in writing or notice by publication in the newspaper published nearest the claim, for at least once a week for ninety days, and if at the expiration of ninety days after such notice in writing or by publication such delinquent should fail or refuse to contribute his proportion to comply with this act, his interest in the claim shall become the property of his co-owners who have made the required expenditures.

SEC. 6. That a patent for any land claimed and located for valuable deposits may be obtained in the following manner: Any person, association, or corporation authorized to locate a claim under this act, having claimed and located a piece of land for such purposes, who has, or have, complied with the terms of this act, may file in the proper land-office an application for a patent, under oath, showing such compliance, together with a plat and field-notes of the claim or claims in common, made by or under the direcrion of the United States surveyor general, showing accurately the boundaries of the claim or claims, which shall be distinctly marked by monuments on the ground, and shall post a copy of such plat, together with a notice of such application for a patent, in a conspicuous place on the land embraced in such plat previous to the filing of the application for a patent, and shall file an affidavit of at least two persons that such notice has been duly posted as aforesaid, and shall file a copy of said notice in such land-office, and shall thereupon be entitled to a patent for said land, in the manner following: The register of the land-office, upon the filing of such application, plat, field-notes, notices, and affidavits, shall publish a notice that such application has been made, for the period of sixty-days, in a newspaper to be by him designated as published nearest to said claim; and he shall also post such notice in his office for the same period. The claimant at the time of filing this application, or at any time thereafter within the sixty days of publication, shall file with the register a certificate of the United States surveyor general that five hundred dollars' worth of labor has been expended or improvements made upon the claim by himself or grantors; that the plat is correct, with such further description by such reference to natural objects or permanent monuments as shall identify the claim, and furnish an accurate description, to be incorporated in the patent. At the expiration of the sixty days of publication the claimant shall file his affidavit, showing that the plat and notice have been posted in a conspicuous place on the claim during said period of publication.

SEC. 7. That where an adverse claim shall be filed during the period of publication, it shall be upon oath of the person or persons making the same, and shall show the nature, boundaries, and extent of such adverse claim, and all proceedings, except the publication of notice and making and filing of the affidavit thereof, shall be stayed until the controversy shall have been settled or decided by a court of competent jurisdiction, or the adverse

The Huntingdon Journal.

J. R. DURBORROW, - - - - - EDITOR

HUNTINGDON, PENN'A.

Wednesday Morning, August 7, 1872.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,

General ULYSSES S. GRANT,

OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

Honorable HENRY WILSON,

OF MASSACHUSETTS.

ELECTORS.

SENATORIAL.

Adolph E. Boric, Phila. | J. M. Thompson, Butler.
W. D. Forten, Philadelphia.

REPRESENTATIVE.

1. Joseph A. Bonham.
2. Marcus A. Davis.
3. G. Morrison Coates.
4. Henry Bumm.
5. Theo. M. Wilson.
6. John M. Bromall.
7. Francis Shroeder.
8. Mark H. Richards.
9. Edward H. Green.
10. D. K. Shoemaker.
11. Daniel R. Miller.
12. Leander M. Milton.
13. Theodore Strong.
14. John Passmore.
15. W. J. Colegrove.
16. Jesse Merrill.
17. Henry Orlady.
18. Robert Bell.
19. J. M. Thompson.
20. Isaac Frazier.
21. Geo. W. Andrews.
22. Henry Lloyd.
23. John J. Gillepsie.
24. Jones Patterson.
25. John W. Wallace.
26. Charles C. Boyle.

FOR GOVERNOR,

Cen. JOHN F. HARTRANFT,

OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

FOR SUPREME JUDGE,

Judge ULYSSES MERCUR,

OF BRADFORD COUNTY.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,

General HARRISON ALLEN,

OF WARREN COUNTY.

FOR CONGRESSMEN AT LARGE,

Gen. LEMUEL TODD, of Cumberland.
Hon. GLENNI W. SCOFIELD, Warren.
Gen CHARLES A. ALBRIGHT, Carbon.

For Delegates at Large to the Constitutional Convention.

Wm. M. Meredith, Philadelphia; J. Gillingham Fell, Philadelphia; Harry White, Indiana; William Lilly, Carbon; Linn Bartholomew, Schuylkill; H. N. M'Allister, Centre; William H. Armstrong, Lycoming; William Davis, Luzerne; James L. Reynolds, Lancaster; Samuel E. Dimmick, Wayne; George V. Lawrence, Washington; David N. White, Allegheny; W. H. Arney, Lehigh; John H. Walker, Erie.

Republican Delegate Elections.

At a meeting of the Republican County Committee, held Jan. 16, 1872, the time for holding the County Convention was fixed for *Tuesday, August 13th*, 1872, *at* 10 *a. m.*, in the Court House, at Huntingdon.

In pursuance of the above action, the Republicans of Huntingdon county, will meet at their respective places of voting, on *Saturday, August 10th*, 1872, and elect delegates to meet in County Convention, at Huntingdon, on Tuesday, August 13th, 1872, at 10 o'clock, a. m., to place in nomination

One Person for Assembly.
One Person for Prothonotary.
One Person for Register and Recorder.
One Person for District Attorney.
One Person for County Commissioner.
One Person for Director of the Poor.
One Person for Auditor.

Also, Congressional Conferees, and Conferees for Delegate to Constitutional Convention.

Elections in Townships—Polls open at 4 p. m., and close at 7 p. m.

Elections in Boroughs—Polls open at 6 p. m., and close at 9 p. m.

K. ALLEN LOVELL,
Chm. Rep. Co. Com.

Huntingdon, Pa., July 24th, 1872.

MONEY WANTED.

Those indebted to us for subscriptions, advertising and job work, will please come forward and pay up as we are very much in need of money. The August Court will be an excellent opportunity to send or bring in such sums as you owe us. Don't fail to comply with this notice.

☞ The JOURNAL will be furnished to new subscribers from this date until the 10th of November, (close of campaign,) for 50 cents tf.

☞ How bald, coldly bald, the Philosopher looks down upon the prostituted columns of the *Globe* from his perch at its mast-head. Such perfidy! How could it be otherwise? And, oh! Greeley, all this in thy name!

☞ The *Patriot* says the "defection of the Huntingdon *Globe* will be keenly felt by the Radicals of Huntingdon county." This is news, indeed! Papers that make bi-ennial somersaults, the *Patriot* is aware, have a great deal of influence. Bah!

Buckalew, Hartley, and Thompson are magnetic names. Whenever they are mentioned in political circles they create a feeling of satisfaction.—*Mifflintown Democrat.*

It must be rebel circles, then, because three more ardent sympathizers with the rebellion never asked office at the hands of a loyal people.

☞ There was a funeral-like dullness, that was apparent to everybody, pervaded almost every line of the last *Globe*. The inward consciousness of great wrong impressed itself even upon the blank paper. Could it have spoken it would have cried: "Shame! Shame! weak, mercenary man, upon thy perfidy!"

☞ The New York Medical College for Women will begin their Tenth Annual Term of twenty weeks, at their new College in Twelfth Street, corner of Second Avenue, October 15th. For Announcements, giving full particulars, address, with stamps, the Dean, Mrs. C. S. Lozier, M. D., or the Secretary, Mrs. C. F. Wells.

☞ A vote was taken on the B. & B. Railroad, the other day, which resulted 20 for Grant to 19 for Greeley. Some one suggested that the vote of the ladies be taken, which resulted:

Grant	30
Greeley	0
Majority for Grant,	30

This shows how the ladies feel in regard to this matter.

☞ The *Globe*, while justifying its treachery, in speaking of Grant, says:

"Instead of selecting the best men to advise him, he has surrounded himself with the most corrupt political speculators, and given out the running of his administration by contract to the most venal of mankind, in every State of the Union."

Now, don't the trouble consist in just this: That the editor of that paper failed to get a small slice, or paying little contract? If he had the above would never have been written.

☞ A telegram from this place to the *Patriot*, sent by Mr. Speer, to the effect that the *Globe*, an "old and influential (God forgive him!) Republican (?) paper, (supported Mr. Speer two years ago,) published at the home of Senator Scott" had gone over to Greeley and his "Gratz."—The treason of Arnold, the compatriot of Washington, detracted nothing from the lustre of the Father of his Country. The traitor "was shunned and despised by everybody," says the historian, "save the King (Mr. Speer) and a few persons in authority" (small-fry Democrats.)

THE GLOBE'S THIMBLE-RIGGING.

For the purpose of showing the Republicans of the State, (because at home, where its character is known, it is entirely unnecessary,) what the Democratic party has secured in the purchase of the *Globe*, we copy, partly, from the old files of the *Journal and American*, a few of the flip-flaps it has made since attaching itself to the Republican party.

As soon as the war was over the *Globe* began to misrepresent the soldiers, and on the 23d of August, 1865, the following card, numerously signed by veterans, appeared in the *Journal and American*:

We, the undersigned returned soldiers, (citizens of Huntingdon Borough, and members of the Union Republican party,) who voted at the delegate election held in said Borough on Saturday, August 12th, for Messrs. Steel and Black, in opposition to the bogus ticket of Lewis, Bricker and Co., hereby declare that the allegations published in the last issue of the Huntingdon *Globe*, that we "were deceived," were "sorry for what we had done," and other unblushing and notorious falsehoods, are alike unjust to the TRUE FRIENDS OF THE SOLDIERS IN THIS BOROUGH, INSULTING TO OURSELVES, AND WORTHY ONLY OF THE DEMAGOGUE AND POLTROON FROM WHOM THEY EMANATE.

On the 6th of September, 1865, the *Journal and American* contained the following statement, by a Douglas Democrat, showing the mercenary character of the man:

On the 14th day of July I was in Huntingdon, and was approached by the editor of the Globe, who endeavored to convince me that the Douglas Democrats "held the balance of power in this county," and if *we* would demand it we could compel the *Republican* party to pay *us* for our influence, or words of that import. He said he "had been working for the *Republican* party for four years, and he would be d——d *if it wasn't time that us Douglas Democrats were getting something*; if we didn't soon, *we must look out for ourselves.*" His whole conversation was in the same strain and he concluded by leaving me to infer that he wanted my support to send him as a delegate to the Republican State Convention. After he had finished, I told him that as to his having aided the Republican party for four years, I knew *that* to be untrue, as it was but two years ago he supported the *copperhead candidate for Congress in this district*, in opposition to the ablest Union man in the district,—I believe I added, but am not positive—for the paltry sum of $300. I told him sixteen of my neighbors and myself voted for Mr. Douglas (who received but *twenty-two* votes in the county,) leaving five from other portions of the county. I was not indebted to him for my tickets, as *he* had printed *no Douglas tickets*, but on the contrary, he had *printed the ticket that was voted by every Breckenridge copperhead in Huntingdon county.* I told him he not only did that, but more, *he did not vote for Mr. Douglas.* For him to claim to lead the twenty-two Democrats in this county who *did* vote for Mr. Douglas was as great presumption as he displayed when he headed the column of *forty-two* Huntingdon borough *Douglas Democrats*, that marched to the polls in Huntingdon last fall to vote for Mr. Lincoln! I told him I came out of the Democratic nest before he had done *feathering his pinions*, and thought it the coolest impudence to demand a recompense from the party that had lifted him out of the nest he had befouled, and in which he would yet have been wallowing had it not lost its "cohesive attraction of public plunder."

Again we copy, from the same paper, under date of July 4, 1866, the following resolution passed by a Convention of "Boys in Blue," held in this place, on Friday, the 29th day of June, 1866:

Resolved, That the League of Huntingdon County respectfully request Col. Frank Jordan, Chairman of the State Central Committee of Pennsylvania, to appoint a *reliable member* of the Union Republican Party *in the place* of Wm. Lewis, Editor of the *Huntingdon Globe*, who is now so basely MISREPRESENTING the Party he had himself appointed to serve.

At the opening of the campaign of 1866, the *Globe* elevated the name of Gen. John W. Geary to its mast-head. On the 22d of August following it contained the following article:

Before, and at the time Gen. Geary was nominated, and since then, and up to the issue made by the *Harrisburg Telegraph, that "the larger Geary's majority, the sterner will be the rebuke administered to Andrew Johnson,"* we were his friend, but we could not feel certain at any time that his election was sure, because one fact pressed upon us, that the radicals would use and *abuse* him. And now that we have taken our position with the *National Union Party* we cannot expect him as the nominee of the Union Republican Party to stand upon our platform of principles, we take his name down from our mast-head, and will leave the place vacant until a candidate is nominated who will endorse the platform of our party. We could support Geary as a soldier, as a man, as a friend, but we cannot support him as a candidate of the radical Republican party. No friend of Andrew Johnson can vote for Gen. Geary. No sensible man, a true friend of Johnson's policy to restore this Union, can vote for Geary and by so doing aid the radicals in passing an insulting judgement upon Andrew Johnson. Other men can and will do as they please but as for ourself we shall act consistent with our professions.

Here, then, he switched back to the Democratic party, where he remained until the nomination of Gen. Grant. On the 27th of May, 1868, the *Globe* shows he flipped back, joyously, thus:

We feel happy. Gen. Grant was our candidate for the Presidency when he was not thought of for that position by politicians and leaders of parties. The masses of the great war party were for Grant because he was not a politician—and the masses forced the politicians aside, and we have Grant—the first victory for the honest people—the second we will have in November if we all pull together. We feel happy. Grant's platform is his record—he has been tried and not found wanting.

Oh, how happy he was! The poor, miserable stupid! He stuck to this until 1870, when, with the name of Daniel J. Morrell at the head of his paper, he treacherously did all he could to defeat him.—This is only his record since he has been trifling with the Republican party. This is the *thing* you have purchased. Was it worth purchasing?

HARTRANFT'S WORK.

General Hartranft has a substantial foundation on which to rest his claims to popular suffrage. The Delaware *American* says: All admit his heroic bravery in the field, but how has he performed his duty as Auditor General? During his term, by masterly executive ability in guarding public resources and scrutinizing expenses, he reduced the State indebtedness $4,324,055 78; during his second term the reduction was $4,771,388 25—in all $9,950,440 40. This is practical work accomplished by practical hands! It hasn't the rounded periods which Buckalew borrows from Mill, Stewart and Marshall in their advocacy of the cumulative system, but it shows positive managing ability as useful to a Governor as skill on the stump. He has brought up the credit of the State from a standard in 1866, when its bonds sold for 88½, to the present ruling price—1st series, 103; 2d, 102@103; 3d, 107! When Hartranft entered office the debt was $37,485,455 41, it is now mainly through his care, $28,380,011 11, the reduction being, as stated, $9,940,440 40, and this without any increase in taxation, and with the tax on Real Estate and Personal Occupations removed by a Republican Legislature. *These are results*—they are better than dreams or rhetoric directed toward the advocacy of a hobby aristocratic in its tendency, and designed to destroy our system of government. Buckalew, with all his opportunities, has, as yet, *accomplished nothing.* Hartranft, self-made, has promoted the public good from first to last in field and civil service. In the presence of facts like these, few men should hesitate in their choice.

"They can have it discontinued and their money refunded."—*Globe.*

Get your money and subscribe for the JOURNAL; only fifty cents for the campaign.

Treason in the Republican Party!

To the Republicans of Huntingdon County!

It is with mortification, rather than surprise, that we inform you that our cotemporary, and heretofore pseudo-laborer in the Republican party, has, for reasons best known to its proprietor, determined to openly desert to the enemy. The *Globe* of last week hauls down the battle-worn stars and stripes, emblazoned with Grant and Wilson, and runs up the *Confederate* rag of Greeley and Brown. The time-worn banner which, proudly floated from the mast-head of that paper, during the dark days of the Rebellion, is now trailed in the dust and supplanted by

"A flag of bars,
A fragment, torn by traitorous hands, from Freedom's stripes and stars?"

And what has brought about this treason? Have any great changes been made in the Republican principles? Have any grave errors been committed by the Administration at Washington lately? No. Why then this desertion? Go ask Mr. Speer; let him answer. He has been "plowing with your heifer" for years. He has now *purchased* her. His promise to pay has sealed the business, and you, Republicans of Huntingdon county, are part of the cattle to go with the purchase. The *Globe* HAS BEEN BOUGHT FOR THE EXPRESS PURPOSE OF GETTING POSSESSION OF THE VOTES OF THE REPUBLICANS WHO PATRONIZE, SUBSCRIBE FOR AND READ IT!! Are you going to allow yourselves to be bartered away in this manner? To be sold like cattle? Like sheep in the shambles? No; we know you are not!—WE KNOW YOU WILL SPURN THE INSULT!

Then, Republicans, organize! Let a Grant, Wilson and Hartranft club be formed in every ward, borough and district in the county! Enrol the name of every Republican in the precinct. Our enemies are at work. They expect that the *Globe* has demoralized you and many of you are prepared to endorse its treacherous and infamous course. Give them the lie! We know that the masses of the Republican party are as true as the iron manufactured from ores taken from your everlasting hills! You are satisfied that the Government, administered by General Grant, has brought you Peace and Prosperity and you want no change! Be up and doing! Organize! so that when your County Convention assembles and makes a ticket you will be ready to push along the column! Let the pernicious influence of the *Globe* be counteracted at once! Do not wait until it is too late! Organize! Organize!!

CHARLES R. BUCKALEW.

When our country was in its greatest strait a band of the most able and unscrupulous rebels took refuge in Canada, says the Pittsburgh *Commercial*, for the better prosecution of their plans for burning Northern cities and inciting the worst classes in the North to riot and revolt.—They were abundantly supplied with money, and the bloody New York riots and the repeated attempts to burn that city, and other outrages, without doubt, were the result of their plots. While prosecuting their labors they were visited by certain Democratic leaders who were in sympathy with Jeff. Davis and were by all the means in their power assisting him. Among them was Charles R. Buckalew, as we now first learn from the official report of the rebel Holcombe, made at the time. Can it be doubted that he visited these rebel conspirators because their cause was his cause? To this Holcombe himself testifies, for he refers to these visits and this description of aid and comfort as affording the best assurance of the ultimate success of the rebellion. In this and other ways Buckalew has done everything in his power to render that success sure and speedy. This is no idle talk—no mere campaign invention. It is a fact, now as well settled as that Lee defended Richmond. Buckalew does not deny that his sympathies and his efforts—so far as he dared to act—were on the rebel side. He dare not deny his visit to the rebels in Canada, nor will he pretend that Holcombe told not the truth when he reported to Benjamin that it was through the sympathy and co-operation of such men as Buckalew that the rebellion would succeed, if it succeeded at all.—Buckalew, at that time, as all through the war, was a helper of the rebellion. He not only conferred with the rebel agents in Canada, but was the friend of deserters, who in large numbers made his county their place of refuge and there defied the law,—he was all that a copperhead of the worst sort could be. To-day he is the Democratic candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania. Judged by his conduct during the war, he is not as worthy of the support of the loyal citizens of his State as would be Gen. Bragg had he come here to reside after the surrender; for an open enemy is always to be preferred to an enemy in disguise.

Had Buckalew made open profession of his rebel principles, gone South and fought for them, and failing returned, he would now have a better title to the support of his State than that which the course he did pursue gives him.

This is not an outlawed question. The period of Buckalew's offense—nay crime—is not so remote as to exempt him from condemnation—much less is he entitled to the highest reward of good conduct. We yet display our riddled battle-flags, decorate the graves of the fallen, and still mourn the loss of fathers and sons; we pay $30,000,000 annually in pensions; we do all this and much more, as a patriotic, religious duty; and the question comes home to Pennsylvania voters: with the same hand and same breath, shall we reward with the highest honors the man who, during all the dreadful struggle, stood among us covertly assisting the other side,—shall we prefer him to one who fought nobly from the opening clear through the war to the end?

☞ The *Globe* says: "We have separated, politically, from many warm friends who cannot now see the situation as we see it, but who, we honestly believe will follow us in good time." Yes, to the hill eventually, but in the present funeral not by a darned sight!

POLITICS AND TRADE.

It will be admitted by every candid business man in the United States, that the general business of the country was never in a more prosperous condition than at present. Nay more, we may go back to that period when Gen. Grant brought the war to a close, and from that day up to the present time has been a period of continued growth, increase, and healthy development in nearly every branch of industry. No exception of any considerable importance can be named. This is not mere assertion. It is a happy realization. And let him who proposes to offer a denial of the truth produce the proofs to the contrary.

It will be remembered that at the close of the war a general dread seized the public mind that a commercial crisis must ensue: a heavy debt, the unsettled condition of our commerce and the heavy premium on gold rendered a crash inevitable, it was said. Yet it did not occur, and why? Mainly through the precautionary measures of Congress, based on the suggestions of the Secretary of the Treasury, and of capitalists of large experience, correct judgment and wise forecaste and discrimination. The result has astonished not only our own business men, but the entire commercial world; and to-day the people both of America and of Europe are loud in their expressions of surprise at the financial achievements of the Grant Administration. The Republican party assumed control of the Government from the Buchanan Administration, at a time when the Secretary of the Treasury, under Democratic rule, was borrowing money at *twelve per cent. per annum.* Now, with the war debt upon his shoulders, in addition to the usual ordinary expenses of the Government, Secretary Boutwell can command all the money he requires at *five per cent. per annum.*

But suppose that Greeley should become President of the United States, what would be the effect upon our finances and the general trade of the country? He is already committed, sold, body and intellect, to the Democracy, who were paying 12 per cent. for the use of money for the ordinary expenses of the Government when they went out of power. How long would they be in power again before the credit of the Government would force the interest on borrowed capital up to former Democratic figures; and with the interest on our immense debt run up from 5 per cent. to 8, 10, or 12 per cent., as it was under Buchanan, how long could the country bear up under the increased burden?

Already business has felt the effects of Greeley's nomination. The extensive firm of Pope & Co., dealers in pig iron, &c., in New York City, say in their last monthly circular:

"The nomination of Mr. Greeley has had a depressing effect on business, and has filled the minds of financial men with alarm and apprehension for the affairs of next season, should he be unfortunately elected. His well known 'on to Richmond' measure of specie payments—letting go all the reserve specie and currency in the Treasury, and declaring by act of Congress or by proclamation a return to specie payments the next day; his hatred so vituperatively expressed of the trading classes, his association with Tweed and the deposed Ring leaders here, all point in his success to disaster and to the complete disorganization of society—disorganization being his pet doctrine and 'what he knows' of it his favorite practice."

If business is thus affected by the mere nomination of this inexperienced, vain and impracticable aspirant to the Presidency, what would be the effect of his election upon the financial credit and general business of the country? A worse calamity could scarcely overtake our industries.

There are yet ninety days before the election; and if in that time the people fail to see the doom that awaits them under Horace Greeley as their Chief Magistrate, they ought indeed to be made to suffer for their imprudence in aiding by their votes to change the National condition from that of peace, credit, thrift and general prosperity, to a Democratic policy, free trade, the pensioning of the rebel soldiers, payment of the rebel claims and confederate bonds; resulting in a largely increased public debt, higher rates of interest, a loss of credit abroad, and ultimate prostration of business and a commercial crisis at home.

NORTH CAROLINA ELECTION.

The State in Doubt.

The election in North Carolina, on last Thursday, was one of the most hotly contested of any ever held in the Old North State. A very large vote was polled by both parties. Both parties claim the State up to the time we go to press. The probabilities are that the Democrats have carried it by 1,000 or 2,000 majority.—The Legislature is conceded to them. It is quite probable, also, that they have elected a majority of the Congressional delegation.

The election demonstrates the fact that all the old rebel element is consolidated and making a desperate effort to be re-instated in power through the election of Horace Greeley. Loyal Men, Soldiers of the Union, these men whom you conquered at the point of the bayonet, expect to retrieve all their losses by a resort to the ballot! The *bullet* having failed to accomplish the work—the BALLOT MUST! Will you be less efficient with the one than with the other?

☞ Here are a few questions which the Harrisburg *Telegraph* would like to have answered by some of the friends of Judge Thompson, the Democratic candidate for Supreme Judge. During the war did he not declare the law to raise men for our armies to be illegal? During the same time did he not declare the law to raise money to pay our armies to be illegal?—Was he not on the bench when the position of the prothonotary of the court—his son-in-law—was used to manufacture fraudulent naturalization papers? Did he not decide in favor of the State in the Credit Mobilier case, and thereafter in the same case decide against the State, losing our Commonwealth $3,000,000?

☞ The Democratic papers are determined to make all out of the acquisition of the *Globe* they can. They set up a most animated cackle, but it's a bad egg or no egg at all! And it tickles Daddy! He likes to be flattered; it makes him feel so good! Soft solder and a few little stamps—Mr. Speer has both—make the very marrow in his bones tingle! Oh, Daddy, don't you feel good? "Stop my paper!"

GEN. HARRISON ALLEN.

Our National Progress says: The People's Candidate for Auditor General arrived in Harrisburg last week, and has been spending a few days here. While here he has been visited by hundreds of his admirers, many of whom, though Democrats, mean to vote for him. Some of them have known him from his boyhood, and admire his energy and persistency in honorably overcoming the difficulties of poverty which lay in his path.

Others know him as a citizen, who has always cheerfully borne his share of the burdens of the State, and as an honest and upright man in all his dealings.

Others know him as a warm friend of the poor man, of every nationality—and honor him accordingly.

Others know him as a brave soldier of the war against rebellion, and do not forget him now when the war is over, and the results of the war are to be secured.

Others know him as an able representative of his Senatorial district, who fought corruption, despised bribes and voted conscientiously for the good of the State.

All know him as a genial gentleman and a staunch Republican.

From a careful canvassing of the State at this writing, making all allowances for weak-kneed and false-hearted Republicans, we are assured that the election of the Republican State ticket in October is safe, and that Gen. Allen will, if anything, run ahead of his ticket.

Gen. Hartranft and Gen. Allen will not only be elected, but elected by a large majority.

Let us go forward—Hartranft, Allen, Mercur and Victory, our rallying cry.

☞ Henry Ward Beecher says he don't fight Greeley in the campaign, and would have gladly supported him had he been nominated by the Republicans. We quote from a late article in the *Christian Union* by Beecher:

"We don't fight Greeley. But we do contend against breaking up the Republican party, and putting the Government into the hands of the Democratic party. * * * * We deem the Republican party to be the sounder, safer, more earnest for the great ends of public good, than any nascent party made up by the most extraordinary coalition known to political history of men who have spent their lives in mortal conflicts with each other, and who have come together, not by any mutual affinities, but by the attraction of common hatreds. 'Anything to beat Grant.'"

The Huntingdon *Globe*, nominally Republican, over whose conversion to Greeleyism the Democratic press is rejoicing, has been playing a double game for two or three years past, making trouble all the time. It has done the party the best service it could by leaving it.—*Harrisburg Telegraph.*

These are the sentiments of every honest Republican in Huntingdon county.—We are told that Mr. Lewis, two or three years ago, boasted to Democrats that he was only "staying in the Republican party for the purpose of breaking it up." His disaffection and desertion will not injure us a dozen votes, and for all we know at present not above one.

☞ The Pittsburgh *Commercial* says:

"The publication of the rebel archives is throwing a flood of light on the position and action of individuals during the war. To say nothing about the awkward light in which Mr. Greeley is placed by Holcombe's report, we get a clear view of Mr. Charles R. Buckalew. We find him visiting these rebel conspirators in Canada. If not a syllable was before known of his sympathies when the country was in the death struggle, there could be no doubt from this single fact on which side he he was. Pennsylvania sent her sons in tens of thousands to the bloody field, and all her extraordinary energies were exerted to save the Republic, but Charles R. Buckalew, so far from supporting them, intrigued with the enemy. Now he comes before the people of the State for the highest honors within their gift. It is a simple question which follows: Shall he have them?"

☞ The last few days have satisfied us that the Republicans of Huntingdon county cannot be bought and sold like cattle. This is what we like to see. Let every Republican, who has been influenced by the *Globe*, if there are any such, be seen at once and straightened up. We must counteract Mr. Speer's little game. Old and young, go to work! The Republican party must be maintained at all hazards, and to those who do the work belong the reward, not to the indolent and worthless.

☞ The *Sunday Transcript* says:

"John F. Hartranft was one of the brave and sterling old-line Democrats who would not bend his neck to the Southern slave-drivers. When, therefore, the latter determined upon rebellion, he knew exactly what he was engaged to fight, and felt from the first what would be the result. On the other hand, Buckalew opposed the Government offering any resistance to secession and rebellion, because he believed the South had a right to secede and revolt to save slavery—to perpetuate the power to sell human beings into a lifetime of bondage. If Buckalew had had his way, slavery would never have been abolished."

☞ The *Globe* says:

"Our conscience tells us we are right, and where our conscience directs we will be regardless of consequences."

How much does it take to make your conscience tell you that you are right?—How *is* your conscience? A little elastic, ain't it?

☞ Mr. Tyhurst's connection with the *Globe* ceased with the last issue of that paper. He is entitled to the heartiest commendation for his patriotic devotion to principle, and deserves the warmest sympathies of the party. Mr. Lindsay also retires as associate editor.

"We have separated, politically, from many warm friends who cannot now see the situation as we see it."

How could they? You have had a chance to "see it" and they have not. It was a SPEER-it, you know, and everybody don't believe in SPEER-its!

Why Douglas Opposes Greeley.

In a leading article in this week's *New National Era* Frederick Douglass speaks of his personal regard for Horace Greeley, and then proceeds to explain why he can not aid and encourage him in his eager pursuit of the Presidency. He says: "He has united his fortune with a party based upon personal grievances, and not upon broad grounds of national good. Personal disappointments personal envy, personal resentments' personal ambitions have united in personal opposition to Grant and in personal favor of Horace Greeley. Now we are utterly opposed to this sort of personal politics. A man who abandons a party has not the same sense of his personal merits that he has himself, and who joins another hoping for better luck with the new than with the old, may be courageous as well as cunning, but it is impossible to command such an one for political wisdom or virtue He acts upon the principle that what is good for him must be good for the country, and makes himself greater than the nation, and affirms that a part is more than the whole. He puts himself first and country last. He may not always do this consciously but, whether intentionally or not, the thing is done; and the whole Cincinnati movement has its foundation, its starting point and mainspring, in this sort of personal politics. They accuse General Grant of personal government, while every department of it is as in dependent to-day of the Executive as under any Administration since Washington."

The New Nominees for Congressmen at Large.

GENERAL CHARLES ALBRIGHT.

Gen. Albright is a resident of Mauch Chunk, Carbon county, and is not quite fifty years of age. He was educated at Dickinson college, and embraced the profession of law, in the active practice of which he is still engaged. He is also actively interested in the banking business, being president of the Second National Bank of Mauch Chunk.

In August, 1862, he was mustered into service as major of the 132d regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers, with which he served until the regiment was mustered out of service on May 24, 1863. He was promoted to be lieutenant colonel of the regiment on September 24, 1862, and to the colonelcy on January 24, 1863. The regiment arrived on the field just at the close of the battle of South Mountain, September 13, 1862, but in time to take an active and efficient part in the pursuit of the enemy across Antietam creek. During October, it took part in reconnoissances to Leesburg and Charlestown, West Virginia, and then joined in the general movement of the army towards Rappahannock and preparations for battle of Fredericksburg. The regiment was led in the charge on Mayre's Heights, on the afternoon of November 13, by Lieutenant Colonel Albright, and although side by side with veteran troops, it stood the brunt manfully. Sickness and casualties had reduced the command from the full complement to 340 effective men, and of these 150 were lost in this assault. The regiment, subsequent to this engagement, performed only the ordinary guard and picket duty near the banks of the Rappahannock, until the battle of Chancellorville in which it took part, being subject to a severe fire on the morning of the 3d of May, and losing 20 men. Its term of service having expired, it returned home and was mustered out of service.

Two thirds of the regiment re-enlisted, however, and Colonel Albright again entered the field at the head of 202d Regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers. The new regiment was mustered in on September 3, 1864, but Colonel Albright was absent from his regular command for some time, in command of the forces employed to suppress the riotous disturbance of the miners in Columbia county. The 202d was first employed in keeping open Sheridan's connections while operating in the Shenandoah Valley, and subsequently in guarding the Orange and Alexandria railroad. During this period they had frequent skirmishes with the enemy, but took part in no pitched battle. In May, 1865, the 202d returned to the State, and portions of it were on duty in the coal regions, and on August 3 it was mustered out of service, its colonel having, on March 7 previously, been brevetted a brigadier-general for his gallant conduct during the war.

General Albright is a prominent member of the Methodist Church, and was one of the lay delegates to the recent General Conference of that denomination, held at Brooklyn, taking an active part in the debates and deliberations.

HON. GLENNI W. SCOFIELD.

Judge Scofield, the third candidate for Congressman at large, is too well known to require extended notice. He was born in Chautauqua county, New York, March 11, 1817; graduated at Hamilton College in 1840, and removed to Warren, Pa., where he was admitted to the bar in 1843. In 1850 and 1851 he was a member of the State Assembly; and from 1857 to 1859 he was in the State Senate.

In 1861 he was appointed President Judge of the Eighteenth Judical District of the State, and in 1862 he was elected a Representative from Pennsylvania to the Thirty-eighth Congress, being subsequently re-elected four times in succession, and serving lately as chairman of the Committee on Naval Affairs. He was a delegate to the recent National Republican, Convention, and acted as chairman of the Committee on Platform of that body. Judge Scofield has taken a high standing in Congress, and is unquestionably one of the strongest men before the people in the State. He had refused to accept a renomination for Congress in the Nineteenth district, which he has now represented for nearly ten years, but will doubtless consent to go upon the ticket as a candidate for Congressman at Large.

Marriages.

McNEAL—BENNETT.—On the 24th ult., by Rev. J. F. Walker, Mr. R. M. McNeal, County Superintendent of Huntingdon county, to Miss Sallie A. Bennett, of Pittston, Pa.

Deaths.

Obituary notices 10 cents per line for all over four lines—cash to accompany the notice. This includes memorial tributes, resolutions of societies, etc.

SHIRK.—At the residence of her grandfather, James McElroy, Esq., at Barree Forge, of scarlet fever, Minnie F., daughter of T. T. and R. Shirk, of Tyrone City, aged 3 years, 8 mos. and 14 days.

New Advertisements.

AGRICULTURAL NOTICE.
A meeting of the Huntingdon County Agricultural Society, will be held in the Court House, on Wednesday evening of the coming court, (14th inst). By order, and in behalf of the Association. ROBT. M'DIVITT,
Aug.7,1872. Secretary.

PROHIBITION COUNTY CONVENTION
HUNTINGDON, PA., July 26th, 1872.

NINETY good citizens of the county, have up to this time, endorsed a call for all friends of the cause, to meet at the Court House, in Huntingdon, on *THURSDAY, AUGUST 15TH*, 1872, at one o'clock, p. m., to nominate a county ticket, pledged to the suppression of the *Dram Shop*, and provide for a vigorous canvass of the county, in favor of *local* and general prohibition.

By order of the Co. Com.
ISAAC GUSS,
J. R. BAKER,
A. C. GREENLAND,
July 31st, 1872. Com. on Call.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—The undersigned will sell, at private sale, the valuable farm upon which he now resides, situate in Brady township, Huntingdon county, containing 228 acres of limestone land, about 150 of which are cleared and in a high state of cultivation, and the balance in good timber. The improvements are a large new brick house, 35x40 feet, a good tenant house, a bank barn, corn crib, smoke house, and all other necessary outbuildings. Also, a young orchard of 100 trees, just beginning to bear, and a never failing spring of water at the door, together with a running stream of water through the premises.

For further particulars, call upon the undersigned, on the premises, or address him at Airy Dale.
ISAAC OTENKIRK.
July 31-2mos*

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY. The undersigned, will offer for sale, at public outcry, at his residence, in Juniata township, Huntingdon county, (5 miles from Huntingdon Station, on the Penna. Railroad,) on Tuesday, the 3d day of September 1872, all the following Personal Property:

Four good work Horses, 2 Colts, 1 and 2 years old, 4 Milch Cows, 11 head young Cattle, 1 two-horse spring wagon, covered, new, and of the best manufacture, 1 Farm Wagon for 3 or 4 horses, 1 Sled, 1 Grain Drill, 1 Threshing Machine, 1 Horse Rake, 1 Sleigh, 1 Hillside Plow, 1 Mower, 1 Double Harpoon Hay Fork, with rope and tackle, 1 Rolling Screen, 2 Sets of Harness, 2 Setts of Britchbands, 1 Lot Plowgears, 15 Tons of Timothy Hay, 50 bushels Fultz and Lancaster Seed Wheat.

I will also offer for sale on said day, a large new Flat, capable of carrying 60 tons and heretofore used by me in taking ties and lumber down the Raystown Branch to the Pennsylvania Canal.

The stock above advertised is good and the articles new, all of them having been recently purchased by me. Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M., of said day when terms will be made known by the undersigned.

A. B. SHENEFELT.
Aug.7,1872-3t.

Political Announcements.

CANDIDATURE ANNOUNCEMENTS.—Announcements will be made under this head at the following reasonable rates, viz:

Congress, $8.00; Assembly and Delegates to the Constitutional Convention, $5.00 each; Prothonotary and Register and Recorder each $4.00; District Attorney and County Commissioner each $3.00 and Director of the Poor and Auditor each $2.00. These charges to cover only the bare announcement. All letters or recommendations of candidates of a personal character, will be charged at the rate of ten cents per line in addition. No Announcement will POSITIVELY be inserted unless the money accompanies the order. We will treat all parties alike. Do not ask us to insert you name unless you pay over.

To the Republican Voters of Huntingdon County:

It gives us great pleasure to present to you the name of HARRY S. WHARTON, Esq., of Huntingdon, as a candidate for Congress, subject to the decision of the County Convention and the Congressional District Conference. It is unnecessary for us to say to you, among whom he has grown to man's estate, and spent many of his maturer years, and who have elected him to places of honor and great responsibility heretofore, that he is in every way worthy of your earnest support. He is honest, he is capable, and he is deserving, and his Republicanism cannot be questioned.—Therefore, we solicit for him your ardent support at the approaching delegate elections, that his nomination may be secured, and believe us to be

Yours, Most Respectfully,
MANY REPUBLICANS.
Huntingdon, Pa., July 24, 1872.*

CONGRESS.

To the Republicans of Huntingdon County:

We present the name of Prof. A. L. GUSS, of Cassville, as a candidate for Congress, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention and District Conference.—Prof. Guss is well known as the efficient Principal of the Soldiers' Orphan School, at Cassville, and was the Editor of the *Juniata Sentinel* during the war. He is a sound Republican, a fine business man, and has the qualifications to make us an able representative and one that would reflect credit on the district. HARMONY.

ASSEMBLY.

MR. EDITOR:—I take great pleasure in presenting, to the Republican voters of Huntingdon county, the name of Gen. F. H. LANE, of Shirleysburg, as a candidate for a renomination for Assembly. Gen. LANE served his constituency and the Republican party faithfully in the last House and having done so, I hope, in accordance with a custom universally practiced in this states, his return will be conceded. Yours Respectfully. REPUBLICAN.

Mapleton, July 13, 1872.*

PROTHONOTARY.

We are authorized to announce J. W. SCOTT, of Shade Gap borough, for the office of Prothonotary subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. *

We are authorized to announce T. W. MYTON, Esq., as a candidate for the office of Prothonotary subject to the decision of the Republican County Covention. *

REGISTER AND RECORDER.

We are requested to announce F. S. FOUSE, of Huntingdon, as a candidate for the office of Register and Recorder, subject to the usages of the Republican party. *

We are authorized to announce JAMES H. DAVIS, of Morris township, as a candidate for the office of Register and Recorder, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention to be held on the 13th of August next. * *

We are authorized to announce W. H. MCDONALD, of Mill Creek, as a candidate for the office of Register and Recorder, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. * *

We are authorized to announce S. B. TAYLOR, of Huntingdon, as a candidate for the office of Register and Recorder, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. *

We are requested to announce WILLIAM LIGHTNER, of West township, as a candidate for the office of Register and Recorder, subject to the usages of the Republican party. *

We are authorized to announce SAMUEL WRIGHT, of Springfield township, as a candidate for the office of Register and Recorder, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. †

The Huntingdon Journal.

Wednesday Morning, August 7, 1872.

READING MATTER ON EVERY PAGE.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

MEETINGS.

Mt. Moriah Lodge, No. 300, A. Y. M., meets second Monday evening of each month, in Brown's building.

Standing Stone H. R. A. Chapter No. 201, meets the first Tuesday evening of each month, in Brown's building.

Juniata Lodge, No. 217, I. O. O. F., meets every Friday evening, third floor, Leister's building.

Mount Hor Camp of I. O. O. F., meets every second and fourth Tuesdays, third floor, Leister's building.

Arrapahoe Tribe, No. 68, I. O. of R. M., meets every Thursday evening, third floor, Leister's building.

Young Men's Christian Association meets the first and third Monday evenings of each month, in Smith's building.

Post 33, G. A. R., meets third Monday of each month in Court House.

Town Council meets the first Friday evening of each month.

Huntingdon Lodge, No. 149, K. of P., meets every Saturday evening, in Smith's building.

Huntingdon Temple of Honor, No. 71, meets the fourth Monday of each month in Good Templar's Hall.

The Websterian Club meets every Thursday evening, in the Y. M. C. A. rooms.

Huntingdon Council, O. U. A. M., meets first and third Tuesdays of each month in Good Templar's Hall.

CHURCHES.

Baptist Church—Washington street. Rev. J. W. Plannett. Services on Sabbath: 10½ a. m., 7 p. m.

Catholic—Washington street. Rev. P. B O'Halloran. Services first three Sundays in every month.

Evangelical Lutheran—Mifflin street. Rev. J. J. Kerr. Services on Sabbath: 10½ a. m., 7 p. m.

German Reformed—Church street. Rev. S. D. Steckle. ervices on Sabbath: 7 p. m,

Methodist Episcopal—Church street. Rev. M. K. Foster. ervices on Sabbath: 10½ a. m., 7 p. m.

Protestant Episcopal—Hill street. No Pastor.

Presbyterian—Hill street. Rev. G. W. Zahnizer. Services on Sabbath: 11 a. m., 7 p. m.

Brief Mention--Home-Made and Stolen

Police matters are dull.

Amusing—That rat story.

Berry parties are numerous.

One of the "voices of the night"—'Scat!

Coming down—the price of roasting-ears.

The sewer on Fifth street progresses slowly.

A brass band has been formed in Cassville.

The cry at the *Globe* office: "Stop my paper!"

The cry at the Journal: "I want to subscribe!"

Apple trees are bountifully laden with fruit.

The "Returns" are quite large at the *Globe* office.

Brilliant—The auroral display on Saturday night.

The paint is going on the new Presbyterian church.

Our Cove Station friends have our grateful thanks.

The new depot is rapidly approaching completion.

The boys and girls are busy gathering blackberries.

The corn crop is looking well all over the country.

Our friend Flood keeps a fine line of tobacco and segars.

In regard to the weather—"you know how it is yourself."

Broad Top City has not as many summer visitors as usual.

Senator Scott and his party are expected home in a few days.

Hartley was in town the other day. Who has got the defence?

Rev. Bowles, Presbyterian minister, at Saxton, has been quite ill.

The foundation of Decker's new house, on Washinton street, is going up.

Mr. Hazard has put down a new pavement on Washington street. Capital!

J. D. Cameron, passed east, from Bedford, one day last week, in a special car.

Bedford, in a few years, will be one of the greatest watering places on the continent.

High-minded—The workmen engaged in painting the steeple on the Methodist church.

Subscribe for the Journal. It is the only Republican and best local paper in the county.

Two valuable cows will be sold cheap, for cash, if application be made soon at this office.

Mr. W. March was thrown from a buggy, on last Friday, and severely bruised. He is about again.

Henry & Co. have erected a new derrick to expedite the unloading of their coal. It works cleverly.

The new leap year style of popping the question is, "Don't you want me to wash dishes for you?"

The spire of the M. E. Church has a "high" on too. The spires up that way are pretty well hooped.

Some fiend, on Saturday night last, poisoned a valuable dog, the property of John K. M'Cahan, Esq.

Rev. Plannett and K. A. Lovell, Esq., went for the "sunnies" the other day and they brought them.

The new road at Saxton is being pushed with great rapidity. Some five or six gangs of men are at work.

If you want cheap and very desirable property, don't forget to call at the Central Pennsylvania Agency.

Don't forget that the Republican County Convention assembles at 10 o'clock, a. m., on Tuesday morning.

The *Globe* gets large mails now. The matter is generally marked "Returned to the Editor." "Not lifted."

A mule was killed by the cars, in the neighborhood of Miller's tannery, in this borough, one night last week.

The huge and humorous horsefly has commenced to trip the light fantastic toe up and down the back-bone of sensitive horses.

Take a look at your furs and other valuables just now. Moths are very numerous and they can do much damage in a short time.

Henry Conprobst has been appointed postmaster at Conprobst's Mills, and the route has been extended from Donation to that point.

Our friend W., at Drake's Branch, has our thanks. The matter is a little too old for publication at present. Write us occasionally.

Superintendent McNeal has taken unto himself a wife. Good! We wish him and his better half a long life of bliss and prosperity.

There is a great amount of sickness in the neighborhood of Saxton. That community has been very severely afflicted for the last year.

Keeping "bachelor's hall" may be a very good thing for bachelors, but "its moighty inconvanient" when you ain't used to it. We know.

Large boy to smaller, with one eye swelled shut: "What's o'matter?" "Bumble bee sting me." "Did youuns get any honey?" "Yes, in my eye!"

The game of biting over a gate has again commenced. We have witnessed several couples playing at it lately, and they appear to like it.

Rev. J. Sanders Reed will hold services, in the Episcopal church, of this place, Sunday next, August 11th, morning and afternoon, at the usual hours.

Thomas & Bro., proprietors of the extensive pottery in this place, will please accept our thanks for the present of a pitcher. They are clever gentleman.

A meeting was held at Mr. Burchinell's, the other evening, for the purpose of taking steps to build a Methodist Chapel in the West End. It was well attended.

The Grant Club meets this (Tuesday) evening in the 2d story of Port's new building, on 4th street, opposite the Journal office. Let there be a good turn out.

The chap who retired early from the gay party, the other evening, told his griefs to a companion and the lamp-post on our corner. It was a pitiable tale. Too much beer!

Our friends who stand in need of job printing should know that we are at all times prepared to do their work in the handsomest style of the art and at the lowest figures.

The first George Creek or Mt. Savage coal was shipped across the B. & B. and Broad Top Railroad, by the Consolidation Coal Co., on last Friday. There were fourteen cars. Every body got a lump.

On Saturday last TWENTY SUBSCRIBERS were received at this office without solicitation. Thank'ee, friend s! only two dollars a year and fifty cents for the campaign. There is plenty of room for more.

"Balance all!" "Swing partners!" was borne on the gentle zephyrs, from a neighboring drawing-room, one evening last week. The feet-stirring music was nimbly responded to we havn't a doubt.

Ringmaster Speer cracks his whip over the clown of the *Globe* and the old political acrobat dances to the front, turns one of his biennial flip-flaps, and comes down square in the Democratic camp.

The camp meeting near Shirleysburg has not been put off, as has been circulated, but will begin on Thursday, the 15th inst., and continue one week. A good boarding tent will be on the ground.

Mr. Brown, the New Superintendent of the Bedford and Bridgeport railroad, passed through this place, on last Thursday, to take charge at Bedford. He is said to be an experienced railroadman.

John Carberry breakman on the switchbacks, was jammed in between some cars and an engine at Whiteheads & Co's. mine, above Dudley, on the 27th ult., and badly injured. He is recovering slowly.

Anderson, he of the fruit farm, came along the other day with the most magnificent berries ever grown, and some splendid peaches. If we had such fruit we would hold on to the farm on which it is raised.

A young man named Denny, employed on the railroad as a track hand, was bitten between his fingers by a snake, while engaged at work, on Saturday last, in the neighborhood of Warrior Ridge station, where he resides.

The *Globe*, having held out the idea that it was a Republican paper, is paying back the money it received under false pretenses. Republicans, get your money and subscribe for the Journal, and then you will have a Republican paper.

The *Mountain Voice* published by John D. Campbell & Bro., at Johnstown, has been received. It is a very sprightly and promising sheet, and should live. It manifests great enterprise and should be well patronized. We wish it a long life.

The *Journal* is now the only Republican paper published in Huntingdon. Let Republicans see that it is substantially sustained.—*Tyrone Herald.*

Thank'ee! That's so. The subscribers are rolling in by the score.

A free fight came off, on Tuesday night of last week, among three or four colored individuals, in the neighborhood of Seventh street. The bagnio, in that neighborhood, has been closed, and its occupants are now inmates of Castle Houck.

Twenty seven Republican papers in Pennsylvania refuse to support Hartranft, the Grant candidate for Governor.—*Mifflintown Register.*

In the language of the irrepressible Train, "you lie, you know you lie."

We are requested to announce, by Rev. W. C. West, pastor of the A. M. E. Church, of this place, that a Bush Meeting will be held on the old camp ground, one mile south of Huntingdon, on the farm of McCahan's heirs, commencing on the 18th of August, inst.

A small child of Dr. Cunningham, fell into an insecurely covered cistern, at the residence of Mr. Hight, in West Huntingdon, on last Saturday, and was rescued by the mother, who pulled it from its perilous situation by the hair, and then swooned away.

The Pennsylvania Railroad, on Wednesday last, leased the Bedford and Bridgeport Railroad from Mt. Dallas to the Maryland State line, for two years, from the first of August. They will furnish the necessary rolling stock and run the road according to Central style.

H. C. Weaver, Esq., Superintendent of the Elk River Navigation Company, located at Charlestown, West Virginia, paid our town a visit last week. He looks as if that region agreed with him physically. He reports only three or four Greeley Republican in Charlestown.

The Methodist Episcopal Church, in Houtzdale, Clearfield county, was burned down, on the 31st of July ult. A reward of $100 is offered for the arrest and conviction of the incendiary. The society which is quite weak and needs assistance badly, will proceed to build at once. Give it a helping hand.

Old Hemp was very fond of a glass of grog but entirely too stingy to buy it. One morning he stepped into a neighboring hotel. "Landlord," said he, "I'm not well this morning, give me a little something to stimulate me—only a scruple." Throwing down a five cent piece. Old Boniface set out the bottle with an air of disdain, curtly remarking: "Mr. Hemp, my liquor is just ten cents a drink and I don't care a picayune whether you take a scruple or a drachm." Hemp took a drachm.

Mr. John Carberry, living near Coalmont, a brakeman on the "switch-back" train, was severely injured, on the 27th ult., above Dudley. He was standing on the side of an engine, in motion, fixing the sand-pipe, when his head struck a car standing on a siding. He was knocked off and rolled in a heap between the engine and car on the siding. He received severe bruises on head and chest, some gashes on his head and a part of one ear cut off.—Under treatment of Drs. M'Carthy & Breneman he is fast recovering.

News of the Neighborhood.—

His Honor, Judge Rowe, has been visiting Bedford.

The B. & B. R. R. is bringing a great many passengers to Bedford.

The colored men of Mifflintown are talking of raising a military company.

Johnstown workingmen are raising a rumpus with their medical advisers.

A quarry of very fine cement rock has been found in Penn township, Centre county.

Gen. Burns of Lewistown, was slightly injured on Monday he being thrown from his carriage.

Freight can now be shipped over the B. & B. Railroad, destined to go east or west from Bridgeport.

A. F. Gibboney, Esq., is presented to the Republicans of Mifflin county for the Congressional nomination.

Fulton county has instructed her conferees to vote for Hon. John Cessna in the Sitxteenth Congressional district.

Abraham Loudon, Esq., one of the Poor Directors of Blair county, died in Altoona, on Sunday the 21st inst., of typhoid fever.

Judge Hall, who has been rusticating at the Sharon White Sulphur Springs—warm—New York, has returned much improved in health.

Lutz of the Bedford *Inquirer*, has added a new member to the firm. The new partner is not a Dolly Varden, but her brother. So says the *Gazette*.

A number of cases of Cholera Morbus among the adult population, and Cholera Infantum among children, have recently occurred in Bloody Run and vicinity.

"Cape May," *alias* the Sulphur Springs, in Harrison township, Bedford county, is doing a good busines this season. The water is excellent but the accommodations are quite limited.

B. F. Vanscoyic who was injured on the railroad near Tyrone, on Saturday, the 20th inst., and who had his leg amputated, died from the effects of his injuries on the following Tuesday night.

On Sunday afternoon, the miller's tenant house, at the mill of Seth R. McCune, Esq., in Frankstown township, Blair county, took fire from a defective flue, and was speedily burned down.

Mr. Emnauel Moyer, of Fermanagh township, Juniata county, thrashed his crop of wheat on Bell's Island, recently. He had 132 dozen of red chaff bearded wheat which yielded 162 bushels.

A dwelling owned by Gen. B. F. Bell, and occupied by John Haggerty, near Bell's Mills, Blair county, was burned on Monday two weeks. Mr. Haggerty lost the most of his furniture.

Peter Slain, a well known and much respected citizen of Cambria borough, Cambria county, died suddenly at that place a few days ago. While walking the street he was seized with a violent attack of cholera morbus and died in a few hours.

Mr. John Harindon, a carpenter working on the new coal wharf, at Patterson, Juniata county, cut his right leg, below the knee, two and a half inches in length and extending to the bone, severing one nerve and several blood vessels, on Monday morning last.

The numerous furnaces, which were promised to the people of Bedford as an inducement to subscribe liberally towards helping the great Central to build a road, are very slow in coming. It will be many days, says the *Gazette*, we fear, before our people will see those promises fulfilled.

A bold and successful burglary was perpetrated at Bedford Springs on Saturday night last. A room on the first floor of the "Cottage," occupied by Col. W. M. Wiley and son, of Lancaster, was entered by burglars and everything of value about the clothes of the two persons, taken.

Grant Waters, of Mifflintown, killed a hen last week in which was found an egg measuring seven inches around the middle, with a common sized egg with a hard shell inside o the large one. The outside egg had a white covering, yelk and white, as any other, and the inside one a brown colored.

The John Bumgardner Case—A Clear Statement of the Facts.—

The following statement has been furnished us by Mr. Condron, who owns the mill at which the death of Bumgardner occurred. We are assured that Mr. Condron's statement is highly credible:

HOLLIDAYSBURG, Aug. 1, 1872.

Mr. Editor:—I notice an article in your issue of July 24th, headed "A man dies very suddenly;" the tone of which would seem to cast reflection on those having charge of the remains of John Bumgardner, who died at our saw-mill, on the 28th of June last, and further states that there are suspicions of "foul play." In justice to the men on the mill, and myself, will you do me the kindness to publish the facts in the case, which are as follows:

On the Wednesday before the death of Mr. Bumgardner, I went over to Clearfield Creek, to stay at the mill for a few days, and attend to the business, while my son, A. B. Condron, came over here to attend to some matters, bringing with him the horse and spring wagon, (he having charge of the mill.)

On Friday, when we were called to dinner, John was well and lively, and full of fun, which was his nature. Crossing a stream of water, going to dinner, John threw a stone to splash one of the men; missing his aim I got the full benefit of what he intended for the other. He ate a hearty dinner, and all hands went on the mill, and while the sawyer was filing, the other men sitting on the carriage, John took his knife and commenced to saw on the neck of a man by the name of Sherwood, saying he would cut his head off, then he got up and caught hold of a young man by the name of Delasier and tussled with him a few moments. Delasier not being stout enough to keep from being thrown down, said to John to let him go. John immediately did so, and straightened up and fell to his knees and then back on the floor. All thought he was just acting out his fun. Sherwood, noticing his eyes, thought something was wrong with him and raised his head. I was at the store, about one hundred yards from the mill. R. Ross ran over to where I was, and said John had a fit, "do you know what to do for him?" I ran to the mill, sent Ross for cold water and sent for warm water, applied the cold to his head and the warm to his feet. He was breathing hard, but not moving hand nor foot.—He was propped up with coats under his head, and I think in less than five minutes from the time he fell, he breathed his last, at about half-past 12 o'clock. The suddenness of his death in the timber lands of Cambria county, away from his relatives, I cannot describe to you the sorrow and sadness that seemed to be with all the men about the mill. My first thought was, to devise the best plan to have his remains sent home in the shortest time possible, the weather being so very warm. We had him washed and dressed, and a rough box made, the best we could, with no tools but saw and hatchet. I had a large Buffalo robe laid in the box, and fixed springs in a two horse wagon bed, on a two horse wagon and fastened the box on the springs, and sent three men with directions to get a coffin at Altoona, and gave them money to pay all necessary expenses. They left the mill with the corpse about half-past 4 o'clock, having nine or ten miles to Altoona, making it nearly train time when they got to Altoona. The men thought best to go right on to Mapleton, and have a coffin made there, and at the same time send for his friends. They got to Mapleton about 11 or 12 o'clock, and sent a man for his friends, and had a coffin made by 9 or 10 o'clock next morning, before his father arrived. Condron and Ross, who had charge of the remains, said Dr. Alleman wanted to hold a *post mortem* examination, and they objected until his friends arrived, and whatever they would say would be right. My opinion is, that they did just what they should have done, they knew all about the circumstances of his death, and wanted the consent of his father.

John worked on our Mill, eight or nine months, was a good hand, had no enemies about the mill. I believe he intended going home the next day, and was to have been married the next week. The men on the mill at the time of his death, were Jacob Condron, Robert Ross, Joseph Sherwood, John Gilespie, Patrick Henry, Delasier and M'Mullin, and it could not have been a minute until I was there and others, all before he breathed his last. It seems to me Dr. Isaac Guss has traveled out of the road of a regular physician to take part in the examination, and then, a week after, to make another statement. As to the altercation, lumber wagon, rough box, hurried manner and refused to let Dr. Alleman hold a *post mortem* examination, are all remarks, to my mind, to say the least, extremely imprudent, and exhibit a lack of good sense.

JAMES CONDRON.

Advertising—*Publicity is Money.*—

This has come to be recognized as a principle in business. Competition is so keen, and we live in such busy times, that a man's only chance of success lies in proclaiming the merits of his wares far and wide, up and down the market. He must keep a trumpeter, the public attention must be arrested, and he who best succeeds in this has the best chance of making a fortune. It is found not to be sufficient for a tradesmen to put up a sign over his door for people to come and look at; he must send out his sign far and wide and make people see it and remember it in spite of themselves. To do this effectually requires tact and knowledge. There is an art in advertising. All depends on how it is set about; it must be done boldly. It is useless to go into a crowd and raise a feeble wail which is drowned in the general clamor. It will not do to imitate the genteel woman, who in carrying fish the first time would not lift her voice for fear any one should hear her. There is another sense in which every advertiser should have confidence in publicity—should be quite certain that if he throws his bread upon the waters he must find it, even if it be "after many days."

Oh, How I've Suffered with my head! All on account of using the poisonous hair preparations. I now use Nature's Hair Restorative, and it has removed the poison and restored my hair to its former vigor. See advertisement. [aug7-2t.

Organization of a Grant, Wilson and Hartranft Club.—

A meeting was held, on the second floor of Port's new building, on 4th, between Hill and Washington streets, on last Wednesday evening, for the purpose of organizing a Grant, Wilson and Hartranft Club.

The meeting was called to order by Sheriff Zeigler, who moved that General John Williamson be called to the chair, which was unanimously adopted.

General Williamson, upon taking the chair, after thanking the meeting for the honor conferred upon him, made a few brief remarks upon the great importance of thorough organization in the present canvass, and the necessity of electing our entire ticket in October.

On motion, M. S. Lytle, Esq., Theo. H. Cremer and J. R. Durborrow were chosen Secretaries.

On motion of J. R. Durborrow, the chair was authorized to appoint two committees, of three members each, the one on Constitution and By-Laws, and the other on Permanent Organization.

The latter committee was, on motion, extended to five.

The Chair appointed the following gentlemen to compose the committee on Constitution and By-Laws: Messrs. Cremer, Brown and Lytle.

On Permanent Organization: Messrs. Wharton, King, Neely, Durborrow and Snare.

On motion, the matter of securing a proper place to meet in, was referred to the committee on Permanent Organization.

On motion, adjourned to meet on Tuesday evening, the 6th inst.

JOHN WILLIAMSON, Prest.

THEO. H. CREMER, } Secretaries
J. R. DURBORROW, }

Gen. F. H. Lane.—*Mr. Editor*:—

I see that Gen. F. H. Lane is again a candidate for Assembly. I would be glad to see him receive a re-nomination, which would be equivalent to re-election. There are good men, but they should this year concede a re-nomination to Gen. Lane. We do not claim to be a "one term" party. The almost universal rule has been to give a man two terms, if he be at all deserving. If any one is deserving Gen. Lane is. Persons who visited Harrisburg during the session of the Legislature tell me that he was always to be found at his post; that while attending well to all local legislation deserving attention, he took part in the making of needed general laws, and worked for the right in opposing or favoring the passage of bills affecting other parts of the State, often defeating the deeply laid schemes of unrighteous corporations or scheming lobbyists. He soon came to be acknowledged as one of the leading members. When he rose to speak he was listened to with marked attention; and he seldom failed to bring a majority of the House to agree with him. It was not long until he was flooded with letters from all parts of the State desiring his influence in favor of or against the passage of different bills; and, from a careful reading of the proceedings of the Assembly, I believe he did not advocate or oppose the passage of any act without first examining into its merits and feeling that he was in the right in doing so; and further I do not believe, nor have I heard any one ever surmise, that for his services there he ever received or would have taken a dollar outside of his salary as a member. I say again that I would like to see him re-nominated; and the majority of the voters of Huntingdon county will ratify his nomination if made. Let us firmly establish and continue the two-term rule, and at the same time give our support to an honest, capable and deserving man.

REPUBLICAN.

Spruce Creek, Aug. 1, 1872.

Pittsburgh Female College.—

We have before us the catalogue of the officers and pupils of this College. It has as its frontispiece an engraving of the elegant buildings, suggestive of commodiousness, comfort and the amplest facilities for the accommodation and training of a large number of pupils. And then we know the reality to be all that is represented, that the interior is arranged and fitted up in a style corresponding with all that is expressed in the beautiful exterior.

Its course of study embraces all the branches of a solid and ornamental education. It has eight distinct departments, and a teacher for each one, and special teachers for all ornamental branches—music (vocal and instrumental), drawing and painting, wax and shell-work, needle-work, &c. employing altogether twenty-three teachers.

At the head of the Faculty is our friend and brother, Dr. I. C. Pershing, the very personification of earnestness and energy. The remarkable success of the College attests his singular fitness for the work to which he is called here. Under his careful but genial rule the discipline of the College moves almost without a jar, and the moral tone is kept up without any serious difficulty.

The terms, we believe, are as low as in any similar College of equal advantages while the education is as thorough and the entire culture as perfect. The only improvement we can think of is in what it might be as a United Presbyterian instead of a Methodist College. But if we cannot claim it, we must give it credit for its excellence and high claims.—*United Presbyterian.*

List of Patents issued from the United States Patent Office, to Pennsylvania Inventors, for the week ending July 16, 1872, and each bearing that date. Furnished this paper by Cox & Cox, Solicitors of Patents, Washington, D. C.

Device for exhibiting Dry Goods, J. J. Bisel, Williamsport.

Water Wheel, N. F. Burham, York.

Billiard Table, W. H. Strouk, Pittsburg.

Washing Machine, J. Hunsberger, Skippack.

Glass Mould and Press, W. M. Kirchner, Pittsburg.

Jelly Glass, W. M. Kirchner, Pittsburg.

Grain Meter, A. M'Bride, Fayette.

Railroad-switch, J. Shafer, Tunnel Hill.

Machine for Drilling Oil Wells, V. Gretter, Petroleum Centre.

Galvanic Battery, C. A. Linke, Pittsburg.

Cupola Furnace for Melting Iron, J. D. Marshbank, Harrisburg.

Puddling Furnace, H. M'Donald, Pittsburg.

Wheel-Plow, H. W. Neal, Wellsville.

Car-Coupling, S. K. Padon, Pulaski.

Furnace for the Mechanical Puddling of Iron, R. G. Wood and J. R. Jackson, McKeesport.

REISSUE.

Head-Block for Saw Mills, E. H. Steans, Erie.

How to Go West.—

This is an inquiry which every one should have *truthfully* answered before he starts on his journey, and a little care taken in examination of Routes will in many cases save much trouble, time and money.

The "C. B. & Q. R. R." running from Chicago, through Galesburg to Burlington, and the "I. B. & W. Route," running from Indianapolis, through Bloomington to Burlington, have achieved a splendid reputation in the last two years as the leading Passenger Routes to the West. At Burlington they connect with the B. & M. R. R. and form the great Burlington Route, which runs direct through Southern Iowa to Nebraska and Kansas, with close connections to California and the Territories; and passengers starting from Huntingdon county, on their way westward, cannot do better than to take the Burlington Route.

This Line has published a pamphet called "How to go West," which contains much valuable information; a large correct map of the Great West, which can be obtained free of charge by addressing the General Passenger Agent, B. & M. R. R. Burlington, Iowa.

The Pennsylvania Reserves Entitled to Bounty.—

In the matter of the decision of the second Auditor, Hon. E. B. French who refused to allow the claims of the Pennsylvania Reserves for the one hundred dollars bounty under the provisions of the act of Congress of April 22, 1872, stating that the act referred to applied only to men who were enrolled in the United States service prior to July 22, 1861, an appeal was made from the decision to the Second Comptroller, Hon. J. M. Broadhead, who on careful examination into the facts, reversed the decision of the Second Auditor and has decided that as the regiments of the Pennsylvania Reserves were enlisted into the State service prior to July 22, 1861, and were mustered into the United States service prior to August 6, 1861, bounty will be allowed and paid to men enlisted in the Pennsylvania Reserves regiments.

Huntingdon and Broad Top Railroad—*Report of Coal Shipped:*

	TONS.
For the week ending August 3, 1872	5,351
Same date last year	3,669
Increase for week	
Decrease for week	1690
Shipped for the year 1872	174,496
Same date last year	219,947
Decrease for year 1872	36451

Literary Notices.—

The August *Aldine* is as good as a run into the country, and we should not be surprised to learn that it had gained thousands of subscribers among those who are too busy to take a summer jaunt. Perkin's illustrations of the Raymondskill for example, are the finest pieces of rural scenery that we have ever seen in The Aldine. There are five in all; one full page, representing the Falls, and the other minor falls and sheets of water, which anglers know are peopled with trout, and which they are wild over. Another ful page drawing is "The Old Oaken Bucket," by John S. Davis, a delicious bit of country life, illustrating Woodworth's well known poem better than it has ever been done before. Burling's "Blue Birds," is a dainty bit of nature. Another glimpse of nature—not at all dainty—is Cary's "Old Squaw Pounding Cherries," a powerful realization of the condition of woman among the Indians. Besides these, we have "The Courtship of Miles Standish," or rather the courtship of John Alden, from the poem of that name; a "Gypsy Girl at her Toilet;" "The Forester's Happy Family," after Guido Hammer; and a spirited view of "The Minister at Ulm." The Literature of the number is fully up to its Art. There is a capital Russian story, "Married in Snow-Storm," from the Russian of Pushkin, by William Percival; a touching Spanish story, "Lalalo," from the Spanish of Fulgioso, by Helen S. Conant; "Worse than Small-pox," a bright and luminous American story, by Lucy Ellen Guernsey; a charming description of Raymondskill and its environs by the poet Stedman; "A few Words on Angling," in the same vein by Henry Richards; "In the Woods," a pleasant little essay, by W. W. Bailey; "Lamplight," another essay, by Julian Hawthorne; a third on "Blue Birds," by the artist Burling; and a fourth on "Hunting Snails," by Dr. T. M. Coan. There are editorials on "The Old Oaken Bucket," "The Minister at Ulm," "Woman's Place," "Gypsies," and "The Forester's Happy Family; and careful reviews of Mistral's "Mireio," and Shairp's "Studies in Poetry." Besides these papers there are three excellent poems, "Two," by Mrs. Julia C. R. Dorr; "Beside the Sea," by Mrs. Mary E. Bradley; and "The Sparrows' City," by George Cooper. Where the Aldine gets so much good poetry is a mystery which none of our other magazines are able to solve. It never prints a poor one, while they print little else. The subscription price is $5 per annum, which includes an elegant oil chromo, and the publishers are James Sutton & Co., 23 Liberty St., N. Y.

Scribner's for August.—Two very seasonable articles in Scribner's for August are—the entertaining paper by Mr. Shanks on "Yachts and Yachting," with pictures of celebrated yachts, ocean races, etc., and a pleasant and practical illustrated essay on "The Canoe: How to Build and how to Manage it." There are also three sterling articles by well-known writers on three vital questions—Prof. Comfort's "Should the Study of the Modern precede that of the Ancient Languages?" Amasa Walker's "Labor and Capital in Manufactures," and Charles Dudley Warner's "What is your Culture to Me?" Among the illustrated articles are an interesting account of "The Graphic Art," by Benson J. Lossing, and "The Island of Corfu," by Charles K. Tuckerman, late United States Minister to Greece. Hans Christian Andersen tells the suggestive story of "The Gardener and the Manor," and Miss Annan relates in a very fresh and striking way that of "Hebe's Jumbles." There is poetry by Louis C. Moulton, Mary J. Serrano and Charles S. Gage. Dr. Holland writes about the recent strikes, and discusses "The Wine Question in Society," and "Novel Reading." In "The Old Cabinet" we find "A Hard Time for some of Us," "Photographs and Looking-glasses," and "Lost Opportunities." The Department of "Nature and Science" is very entertaining as well as instructive. "Home and Society," among other papers, has a very sensible one on "Domestic Ethics." In "Culture and Progress" the "Jubilee" is mentioned, there is something about "Two Modes of Prison Discipline," and along review of Lamon's Lincoln; the number closing with a quaint page of Etchings by the Misses Ledyard.

The *American Working People* for August, a welcome vistor to our table, is before us. It is the leading tariff publication in America, and has a circulation of over thirty thousand and a well deserved popularity in twenty States of the Union. It is ably edited, forcibly argumentative, without loss of attractiveness and goes right to the core of all phases of the great tariff questions it discusses. The historical, biographical, argumentative, statistical and literary matter with which it abounds is full of interesting instruction and point. It's agreeable and striking variety makes it an excellent family journal, and it should be in every household. Every page and line in it beats in sympathy with the cause of labor and the men who labor in workshop, farm and entry and who all who toil, from the lowest to the highest, in every avocation. It clothes every topic with which it treats in new beauty and leads us to see clearly that which we have often accustomed ourselves to think was beyond intelligent popular comprehension. The services of the ablest political economist in America has been secured and its pages will contain the most valuable contributions on all the great industrial questions of the day. We find in it the relations of labor and capital clearly defined and new true thoughts presented, which when popularized, will remove many of the difficulties which now surround that question. All should have this magazine.

Published by the Iron World Publishing Company, Pittsburg, Pa. Price $1.50 per year, in advance.

The Phrenological Journal for August, maintains its high place among our leading monthlies. Its articles on Hon. Geo. I. Post; the Republican Nominees for President and Vice-President, and Fisher Ames, whose portraits are given, are readable sketches of eminent public men. We find also, Social Science, or what do we mean by Love? Expression; Diseases of the Skin; Prison Reform; What are Comets? Effects of the Mind on the Body; Have you a Character? The Pre-Adamites Again; Character and Success, eminently worthy the consideration of the general reader. There is also a good deal of interesting miscellaneous matter. Price for the No. 30 cents; for a year $3.00. Samuel R. Wells, Publisher, 389 Broadway, New York.

Frank J. C. Taylor, Practical Machinist, would respectfully announce to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity, that he is prepared to Clean, Repair and Adjust all kinds of Sewing Machines, on the most reasonable terms. Every machine guaranteed as when new. Has also, for sale, Attachments, Needles, Needle Sharpeners, Button-hole cutters, Machine Oil, and everything used on any kind of Sewing Machines. Headquarters at the agency of the Singer Sewing Machine, J. C. Blair, 418 Hill street, where orders left, will receive prompt attention. Post-office address, Box 384.

One-half the people cannot take *Castor Oil* from its terrible nauseating taste, and recoil in the throat. The Castoria prepared by Dr. Pitcher is purely vegetable, perfectly harmless, pleasant to take, and more effective than Castor Oil. It does not distress or gripe, but regulates the system, and operates when all other remedies have failed. It acts like magic for Stomach Ache, Constipation, Flatulency, Group and Worms. It contains neither, Minerals, Morphine nor Alcohol. Its soothing, quieting effect, produces natural sleep, and particularly adapts it to crying children. No article has ever met such unqualified endorsement by the Physicians. Take no more Bitter Pills, Narcotic Syrups, Griping Purgatives or Sickening Oils. The Castoria costs but 35 cents, and when once tried you will never be without it. [aug7-4t.

Editor Journal.—Dear Sir:—It is with pleasure that I call attention to the fact that our worthy young friend, Col. J. Hall Musser, will be a candidate for the office of District Attorney, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. It has been a rule in Huntingdon county to consider the claims of soldiers, and give them the preference, when equally qualified with others. Col. Musser entered the army in 1861, and served four years. He is a gentleman of unquestioned moral character, and undoubted ability, faithful, prompt, energetic and possessed of the qualifications requisite to satisfactorily discharge the duties of that important office.

Respectfully, A Friend.

Huntingdon, Pa., Nov. 5, 1872.

The Way They Come!—Odin, Marion co., Ill.—*Mr. Editor*:—

Please find enclosed one dollar for your paper. I have been taking the *Globe* for eleven years, and see by the last one that it has gone for Greeley and we have no such a thing out here as a Greeley Republican. This is called the "Egypt of Illinois," and we are going to a man for Grant.

Yours, respectfully,

PETER MYERS.

Ho for the Mammouth Store! Capt. Johnston, of the firm of Henry & Co., has just come from Philadelphia with a large stock of all kinds of goods. The farmers and everybody else are respectfully invited to come and examine our stock, and if they are in need of anything in our line, we will sell as cheap as the cheapest. [aug7-2t.

County Commissioner.—*Mr. Editor:*—

You will confer a favor upon a number of your friends if you will allow me to say a word in favor of my old friend, DAVID HARE, of Porter township, who, I see, is announced as a candidate for Commissioner.

Now, Mr. Editor, I have known Mr. Hare for many years, and I think he is just the man the farmers ought to have for a Commissioner; a more honest and better business man we could not put into that office. I have heard a great many talk about him, and they all say he is a good man. I hope that the Republicans will give him the nomination, for we ought to have a very good man for that office. B. G.

Marklesburg, Pa., Aug. 3, 1872.

Great Fruit Year.—

This will be one of the greatest seasons for fruit for many years, and persons should not fail to preserve large quantities of it. Cans, jars and jelly glasses, all warranted, can be had for this purpose, very cheap, at Buchanan & Son's, 509 Hill street, Huntingdon. [jy17,6t

Court, court, next week, next week! Folks attending court should avail themselves of the opportunity of examining the large stock of goods at Henry & Co's. consisting in Salt, Iron, Nails, Dry-Goods, Groceries, Hatz, Boots, Shoes, Coal and Lumber, &c., &c.

The M. E. Camp Meeting, on the Cassville Circuit, will be held on the old Camp Ground, on Taylor's farm, commencing Aug. 22, 1872.

G. W. Dunlap, Pastor.

The place for fine Confections, Notions, Toys, Jewelery, &c., is at D. Africa's, one door west of D. P. Gwin's store. Also, Ice Cream and Ice Cream Soda Water in season. [apr.10–6mos.

Ladies are invited to call in and see our nice prints and muslins at Henry & Co's. 2t

E. M. Africa has just received, in addition to her large stock of Millinery Goods, a fine assortment of Linen Switches, Chignons and Curls. Also, a new style of Fans.

Farmers will find it to their advantage to examine our stock of Shoes if they want something cheap and comfortable to plough in this fall. [aug7-3t

Anthracite and Broad Top Coal, wholesale and retail, by A. B. Flood, No. 105 Fourth street, Huntingdon, Pa. [jy31,2w

Tobacco and Segars, wholesale and retail, by A. B. Flood, No. 105 Fourth street, Huntingdon. [jy31,2w

Prints and Muslins, stacks of them, very cheap, at Henry's. [aug7-3t

Coal of all kinds, from half a ton to one hundred, at A. B. Flood's, No. 105, Fourth street. [jy31,5w

Buy your Wall Paper, Window Shades, Books and Stationery at Langdon's Book Store. It is the cheapest store of the kind in town. tf.

Syrups of all grades, sugars ditto, all sold at a small margin at Henry & Co's. [aug7-3t

For Sale.—A Market Car, in good order, will be sold at a bargain. Call at the Bee-Hive Grocery, No. 111 Fourth street.

Muslins, stacks of them, at Henry & Co's. very cheap. aug2t.

Window Glass and Putty at Patton's. March 22, tf.

HUNTINGDON MARKETS.

Reported Weekly for the Journal by Henry & Co.

HUNTINGDON PA., August 6, 1872,	Wholesale.	Retail.
Butter	$ 18	$ 18
Coffee, O. G. Java	28	28
" Maricabo	21@24	23@25
" Rio, choice	20@25	28
" Rio, good	19@20	21
" Rio, fair	17@19	20
" O. G. Java, roasted		33
" Maricabo, "		28
" Rio, choice, "		26
" Rio, good, "		20
Eggs		15
Flour, white wheat		10 50
" red wheat	8 00 to 10 00	
New Wheat		1 50
Wheat, white, per bush		1 80
" red, "		1 75
Rye		1 00
Corn		75
Oats		45
Molasses, Port Rico		60
" New Orleans		1 00
Sugar, loaf	15	16
" powdered	15	16
" granulated	15	16
" A	12½ 7 lbs for	1 00
" Extra C	14½ 7 lbs for	1 00
" yellow C	12 7 lbs for	85
" brown	12 7 lbs for	75
Tea, Young Hyson	65@1 25	1 30
" Gunpowder, fine	65@80	90
" Gunpowder, finest	1

The Huntingdon Journal.

Farm and Household.

House Furnishing vs. Home Making.

Poor people think if they were rich they could then make their rooms beautifully home-like and comfortable; while people who are rich fall into the notion of supposing that so much expended on furniture of such and such qualities and quantities, answers the demands of fine furnishing.

If there is anything I have a horror of, it is a "regulation" room, one of these put-up affairs with a Brussels carpet, so many chairs of the same pattern, a sofa, pictures on the wall in geometrical precision, an image on each end of a mantel with a clock between, and everything deathly prim.

There some things the poorest, who have any desire to emulate cosiness and comfort, can have and enjoy. For instance, they can saw off their chair legs, and have seats of various heights, and when they buy their chairs, they will exercise much better judgment in choosing an odd one, even at second hand, than half a dozen all alike. Then, for comfort, there is nothing like the old-fashioned chairs, upholstered at home, covered, perhaps, with Ann's old dress, red-dyed, or Fanny's *passee* shawl, or grandmother's cloak. Footstools and ottomans may be brought into existence in the same economical fashion, and they fit in notches where nothing else can.

In hanging pictures of any sort, let them be within the line of the eye where one is standing. Five feet from the floor is usually quite high enough for pictures of ordinary size in ordinary rooms. Book shelves should not be so high that one cannot easily read their labels. Spaces in the walls may be filled in with books or curiosities, while the top forms mantels, on which statues, vases, easels, etc., may be placed. Brackets, little upholstered shelves, and various sorts of femininish fixtures give a room a most loving look. Then, instead of one large table, I would have three or four smaller ones, low and with sure foot legs. On these would be books, small pictures, newspapers writing materials, games etc. Absolute cleanliness is essential, but a certain amount of a certain kind of disorder, is very wholesome. Flowers in windows are good for the flowers, but usually not pleasant for the room or its inmates, unless the window can be well spared. Running vines in pots or brackets, or fragrant plants on mantels or shelves are agreeable. Pressed vines festooned about frames against a light wall, look beautifully. Three or four bright autumn leaves, which have been pressed and oiled, pinned in clumps on the wall under pictures, brackets, etc., lend brightness and piquancy to an apartment. A room that has an air of being inhabited is always more agreeable than one that is not.

There are two things in some fine houses I am afraid of—in the sense of being afraid of stuffed monsters. I refer to the fashionable, inlaid, carved, overgrown cabinets, and the fashionable bedstead, with towering headboard, and all sorts of heathenish heads carved in relief. There is no such thing as having too large a bed, but I think the room occupied by beds could be economized to general advantage. What are called "parlor bedsteads" can be put in a parlor, and be entirely unobjectionable in appearance. When closed, one sees what is apparently a book case, or cabinet, with mirrors and mouldings. The sofa bedsteads, which open and serve for beds at night, and with folded wings do duty as sofas in the daytime, are all admirable. Then the saving in work, too! All the bedding "fixins" put on just for show no longer are needed, and bedding is less soiled. We may well learn from nature, which has stood men and trees on end, that it is an economising of space, if having no other advantage. The parlor bedstead does the same thing with a bed, and coverts our bedroom into a parlor.—*Mintwood in Rural New Yorker.*

Scripture and Agriculture.

The following practical commentary on a familiar passage of Scripture, we find in the *Country Gentleman:*

"How many sneered at J. J. Thomas' recommendation in the case of pear tree blight, 'that we should dig up the blighted tree and plant a healthy one in its place,' yet it is the only practical way to this day, if you wish to keep up a pear orchard. Indeed J. J. Thomas was not the first to recommend the cutting down of a worthless tree. Go to that good book which tells you that man was sent forth to till the earth and earn his bread by the sweat of his brow—which is emphatically true in case of successful horticulturists to this day; and you will find that 4,000 years after man had gone forth and tilled the earth, the owner of a certain vineyard told his gardener to cut down a barren fig tree. The gardener asked for but a single year that he might 'dig about it and dung it.' Now what sounder horticultural doctrine than that? If any of you have a tree of bearing age, that does not bear, and you write to a horticultural editor for advice (if he understands his business), he will tell you to 'dig about it and dung it.' Dig around it, cutting the roots to check the wood-growth, and compel it to form fruit buds, and manure it to assist it in bearing the shock caused by the cutting of the roots, while it is in a growing state, the very method of root pruning that Thos. Rivers practised thirty or forty year ago, to throw his pear trees into early bearing before he commenced working them on quince stocks."

CHICKEN JELLY.—For chicken jelly, take a large chicken, cut it up into small pieces, bruise the bones, put the whole into a stone jar, with a cover that will make it water-tight. Set the jar in a large kettle of boiling water, and keep it boiling for two hours. Then strain off the liquid, and season it slightly with salt, pepper and mace, or with loaf sugar and lemon juice, according to the taste of the person for whom it is intended. Return the fragments of the chicken to the jar, and set it again in a kettle of boiling water. You will find that you can collect nearly as much jelly by the second boiling. This jelly may be made of an old fowl.

New Advertisements.

FRANCISCUS HARD WARE COMPANY'S
is the place to buy
IRON, STEEL, NAILS, SADDLERY,
Coachware, Table and Pocket Cutlery, Brittania and Silver Ware, Blacksmiths' Bellows, Anvils, Vices, Lead Pipe of all sizes, Paints, mixed ready for use, Garden Implements of every description,
FLOOR OIL CARPETS,
A large stock just in, from ¾ yard to 2 yards wide,
TABLE COVERS, DRUGGETS, STAIR RODS, &C., &C.
HOUSEKEEPERS are especially invited to call and examine our new and beautiful stock of
WALL PAPER & WINDOW SHADES.
Our assortment is complete, the patterns being of the latest style, and comprising a varied selection. Our stock of Wall Paper consists of more
Than 100 DIFFERENT PATTERNS
and the Window Shades are designed to meet the approval of the most fastidious tastes, and within the reach of the most limited prices. All kinds of
SILVER AND BRITTANIA TABLE WARE and HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS
too numerous to mention.
CHILDRENS' COACHES!
4 Wheel Perambulators from $7.50 to $30.
Our stock of Childrens' Coaches will be found superior to any in the market.
CARPENTERS! BUILDERS!!
We are selling House and Barn building hardware at manufacturers' prices. Have always on hand Doors, Door Frames, Sash and Window Frames, Transoms, Glass, Nails, Paints, Oils, Putty, Locks, Hinges. Prices lowest for cash.
We are selling
LAMPS AND CHIMNEYS
to dealers at manufacturers' prices.
FARMERS, DRAYMEN, TEAMSTERS,
Call and examine the best and cheapest assortment of chains ever offered to the public, including Bull, Breast, Stay, Fifth, Log Chains, and Traces:
DASHES—PLATED & NON-PLATED
in parts, for sale very low.
WOODEN WARE.
Step Ladders, at $1,00 each; Tubs, Buckets, Zinc Wash Boards, Churns, Wooden Bowls, Dippers, Ladles, &c.
FRANCISCUS HARDWARE CO.
June 12, 1872—tf.

A GOOD CHANCE.
50
NEW PIANOS AND ORGANS
For sale on
MONTHLY AND QUARTERLY PAYMENTS.
PIANOS:
$285, $300, $350, $400, up to $1000.
ORGANS:
$50, $100, $125, $140, $150, $200, and up to $900.
AGENCY FOR ALL of the BEST MAKES.
EVERY INSTRUMENT GUARANTEED.
Now is your time to buy a
A GOOD INSTRUMENT ON EASY PAYMENTS.
For prices and further information, write to or call on
E. J. GREENE,
Dealer in Pianos and Organs,
No. 416 Hill Street, Huntingdon, Pa.
June 5, 1872.

E. BARTOL. | A. KENNEDY. | J. MARCH. | DAVID MINGLE
BARTOL, KENNEDY & CO.
[*Lately Franklin Manufacturing Company.*]
Manufactures Flooring, Siding, Doors, Sash, Shutters, Blinds, Moulding, Scroll Work, Counters, Shelving, Wood Turnings, Hubbs, Spokes, Bent Work, Forks, Rakes, Brooms, Pick, and Hammer Handles, all kinds of Furniture, &c. Our Machinery the very best quality and giving our entire being of attention to the business we are able to manufacture all of the aboved named articles, as well as many others, in the best style and always promptly.
All orders addressed to
BARTOL, KENNEDY & CO.,
Huntingdon; Pa.,
will receive our immediate attention. Price list furnished when desired.
Lumber taken in exchange for all kinds of work.
Jan. 31, 1871.

FARMERS, ATTENTION!
The undersigned, having been appointed Agent for the sale of the
GEISER GRAIN SEPARATOR,
in the south-eastern portions of Huntingdon and Blair counties, and the western portion of Mifflin county, takes pleasure in offering this superior machine to the farmers residing within these limits. This machine is conveniently arranged for hauling and threshing, being permanently fixed on wheels. One man can easily move or shift it about, so that it is not half the trouble on a barn floor as a common thresher and shaker. It is also easily put in operation, is simple, easily managed, reliable, durable, and superior to any other thresher now offered. For particulars, address the undersigned, at James Creek P. O., Huntingdon county, Pa.
HENRY BRUMBAUGH.
June 26, 1872-3m.

POLITICAL CAMPAIGN OF 1872.
GRANT AND WILSON,
GREELEY AND BROWN
CAMPAIGN CAPS,
CAPES AND TORCHES,
TRANSPARENCIES AND BANNERS,
with Portraits or any device for all parties.
Silk, Bunting and Muslin Flags of all sizes on hand or made to order. Chinese Lanterns of all sizes and styles; Paper Balloons, Fire Works, &c. Campaign Clubs fitted out at the Lowest Rates at
WM. F. SCHEIBLE'S,
CAMPAIGN DEPOT,
No. 49 South Third Street, Philadelphia.
jly3-3m. (Send for Circulars.)

GOOD FITS!
SHOEMAKING!
We manufacture to order all kinds of Ladies' and Gents' Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, &c., of the best material the market produces, and at the shortest possible notice. Persons from the country can be accommodated with our own manufacturing by giving a few hours notice.
All kinds of repairing neatly done.
For past favors accept our sincere thanks.
D. HERTZLER & BRO.,
403 Allegheny St.,
Opposite B. T. Depot
juue26tf Huntingdon, Pa,

W. M. PIPER,
No 50 Hill Street, Huntingdon, Pa.,
Manufacturer of
BROOMS, BRUSHES, WISKS, &C.,
Of all qualities and styles. The trade supplied at favorable prices, and all goods warranted to be as represented. The highest price paid in cash for Broom Corn.
Broom Corn Worked on Shares.
Also, retail dealer in
GROCERIES, FLOUR, FEED,
PROVISIONS AND NOTIONS.
By economy in expenses, I am able to sell goods at very reasonable prices for cash, and solicit a share of public patronage. jly5,72-tf.

PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN.
CAPS, CAPES and TORCHES. Send for *Illustrated Circular and Price List.* CUNNINGHAM & HILL, Manufacturers, No. 204 Church Street, Philadelphia. [june12-4mo

Miscellaneous.

THOMAS FISHER. H. G. FISHER. THOS. C. FISHER.
FISHER & SONS,
PROPRIETORS
of the
HUNTINGDON MILLS.
Manufacturers of
FLOUR, FEED, GROUND PLASTER, &C
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, FISH, SALT, &C.
A Specialty made of
CARPETS, OIL CLOTH & MATTINGS
March 8, 1871.

S. E. HENRY, T. S. JOHNSTON, } { S. H. ISENBERG, B. F. ISENBERG.
HENRY & CO.,
HUNTINGDON, PENN'A.
FORWARDING & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Wholesal and Retail Dealers in
DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
BOOTS, SHOES,
HATS, CAPS,
FURS, CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS,
GROCERIES,
HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
CLOTHING, IRON,
NAILS, GLASS,
PUTTY, OILS,
PAINTS, SALT, PLASTER, &C., &C.
Proprietors of the
WARRIOR RIDGE FLOURING MILLS.
Flour and Feed constantly on hand.
CASH paid for all kinds of grain. Produce taken in exchange for goods at the Mammoth Store.
Feb. 15, 1871.

GLAZIER & BRO.
DEALERS IN GENERAL MERHANDISE,
DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
BOOTS,
SHOES,
HATS,
&c. &c.,
SMITH Street, between Washington and Mifflin
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
QUEENSWARE,
WASHINGTON Street, near Smith.
Jan. 18, '71.

MUSIC STORE.
You can save from ten to thirty per cent. by buying your Instruments from
E. J. GREENE,
Dealer in
STEINWAY & SONS',
CHICKERING & SONS',
THE UNION PIANO FORTE CO.,
THE WEBER, RAVEN & BACON'S,
GEO. M. GOULD & CO.'S,
CONRAD MEYERS'
AND ALL OTHER MAKES OF PIANOS.
MASON & HAMLIN'S
and Geo. Woods & Co.'s celebrated Organs, and any other make desired. Also, Melodeons, Guitars, Violins, Herman Accordeons, Sheet Music, Music Books, &c.
New and good Pianos for $300 and upwards.
" five-octave Organs for $0 " "
" Melodeons for 70 " "
All Instruments warranted for five years.
Agents supplied at wholesale Rates, as low as in the cities. Call on, or address,
E. J. GREENE,
Huntingdon, Pa.,
2nd floor of Leister's new building.
January 4, 1871.

NOTICE:—
HUNTINGDON BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION
NEW SERIES.
At a recent meeting of the directors of said Association, it was resolved that a new series of stock be issued, *provided a subscription of three hundred shares be procured.* Under this resolution persons desiring to become members of the Association can do so upon payment of one dollar monthly on each share of stock subscribed.
The original stock is now worth thirty dollars per share.
The following named persons are authorized to secure subscriptions:
W. Buchanan, at Buchanan & Allison's stove and tin store, Huntingdon.
M. M. McNeil, at Prothonotary's office.
Hugh Lindsay, at *Globe* office.
John Reed, at Reed's Drug store.
P. M. Lytle, at office of P. M. & M. S. Lytle.
John K. Thompson, at Birmingham.
John P. Marclay, at Spruce Creek.
David Henderson, at Alexandria.
Rev. M. L. Smith, at Petersburg.
Rev. John Moorhead, at Mount Union.
Rev. Wm. Gwinn, at Manor Hill.
S. B. CHANEY, Pres't.,
WM. A. FLEMING, Sec'y. [jan3-72.tf

BEE HIVE GROCERY,
No. 111, 4th street, Huntingdon, Pa.
"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS."
N. B. CORBIN
Has just received a varied assortment of articles usually found in a first-class GROCERY.
BAKERY.
I still continue to carry on my Bakery, and am at all times prepared to supply
BREAD, CAKES AND PIES.
at reasonable prices.
CANDY MANUFACTORY.
In connection with my other business I have commenced the manufacture of Candies, and am prepared to supply country dealers with both FANCY and COMMON at as low rates as they can be purchased outside of the Eastern Cities. If you want to save money, Make your purchases at this establishment.
TOYS! TOYS!! TOYS!!! TOYS!!!!
This department is complete and embraces everything in the Toy line from a Jumping Jack to an Elephant.
Jan. 17, 1872.

SMITH IN HIS NEW BUILDING
CALL AND EXAMINE.
IF YOU WANT GREAT BARGAINS GO TO SMITH'S NEW STORE.
The best Sugar and Molasses, Coffee, and Tea Chocolate, Flour, Fish, Salt and Vinegar, Confectionaries, Fruits, Cigars, Tobacco, and spices of the best, and all kinds, and every other article usually found in a Grocery Store.
Also—Drugs, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs, Paints, Varnishes, Oils Spts. Turpentine, Fluid, Alchohol, Glass, Putty, &c., &c. The best Wine and Brandy for medical purposes, and all the best Patent Medicines, and a variety of articles too numerous to mention.
The public generally will please call and examine for themselves, and learn my prices.
S. S. SMITH.
Jan. 4, '71.

GO TO THE JOURNAL OFFICE
For all kinds of printing.

Travellers' Guide.

HUNTINGDON AND BROAD TOP RAILROAD.
Summer Arrangement.
On and after Tuesday, June 4th, 1872, Passenger Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

Up Trains. Accom.	Up Trains. Mail	Stations.	Down Trains. Accom.	Down Trains. Mail
P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.
LE 6 00	LE 8 20	Huntingdon	AR 9 10	AR 5 25
6 06	8 28	Long Siding	9 00	5 17
6 19	8 45	McConnellstown	8 48	5 04
6 25	8 51	Pleasant Grove	8 39	4 58
6 37	9 05	Marklesburg	8 27	4 45
6 51	9 20	Coffee Run	8 11	4 33
6 58	9 27	Rough and Ready	8 04	4 26
7 10	9 39	Covr	7 52	4 12
7 15	9 43	Fishers Summit	7 48	4 08
7 53	10 10	Saxton	7 28	3 48
8 10	10 27	Riddlesburg	6 53	3 30
8 17	10 34	Hopewell	6 46	3 22
8 35	10 51	Pipers Run	6 30	3 06
8 55	11 10	Tatesville	6 12	2 48
9 08	11 22	Bloody Run	6 00	2 33
9 12	11 26	Mount Dallas	5 56	2 29
9 19	11 32	Ashcom's Mills	5 50	2 22
9 23	11 36	Lutzville	5 46	2 18
9 27	11 40	Hartley's Mills	5 42	2 14
9 34	11 46	Jamesons	5 36	2 07
AR 9 40	11 52	Bedford	LE 5 30	2 00
		SHOUP'S RUN BRANCH.		
LE 7 40	LE 10 15	Saxton	AR 7 20	AR 3 40
7 55	10 30	Coalmont	7 05	3 25
8 00	10 35	Crawford	7 00	3 0
AR 8 10	AR 10 45	Dudley	LE 6 50	LE 3 10
		Broad Top City		

JOHN M'KILLIPS, Supt.
Huntingdon, Sept 21, 1871.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.
TIME OF LEAVING OF TRAINS.
Summer Arrangement.

WESTWARD Mail	Pacific Express	Fast Line	Harrisburg Accom.	Mail Train	Day Express	Stations.	EASTWARD. Harrisburg Accom.	Mail	Philadelphia Express
P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.				A. M.	P. M.	P. M
5 02	6 05	11 14	10 41			N. Hamilton	10 01	4 05	.....
5 10	6 11	11 21	10 55			Mt. Union	9 53	3 58	.....
5 18	6 17	11 30	11 10			Mapleton	9 45	3 51	.....
5 24	6 25	11 37	11 26			Mill Creek	9 37	3 43	.....
5 40	6 36	11 53	11 50			Huntingdon	9 24	3 30	11 15
5 57	6 54	12 12	12 20			Petersburg	9 06	3 13	.....
6 07	7 03	12 21	12 32			Barree	8 58	3 05	.....
6 14	7 10	12 28	12 40			Spruce Creek	8 51	2 58	10 50
6 27	7 24	12 42	1 00			Birmingham	8 39	2 47	.....
6 35	7 31	12 50	1 08			Tyrone	8 32	2 40	10 34
6 45	7 41	1 01	1 22			Tipton	8 23	2 32	.....
6 49	7 47	1 07	1 30			Fostoria	8 18	2 28	.....
6 55	7 52	1 11	1 36			Bell's Mills	8 14	2 21	10 19
7 15	8 10	1 30	2 00			Altoona	7 55	2 05	10 05
P. M	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.				A. M.	P. M.	P. M.

All trains East and West, with the exception of the Pacific Express East, which is followed closely by the Harrisburg Accommodation, stop at Huntingdon.
The Fast Line Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 7 58 P. M., and arrives at Altoona at 9 05 P. M.
The Pacific Express Westward leaves Huntingdon at 7 45 A. M. and arrives at Altoona at 9 05 A. M.
The Southern Express, Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 4 07 A. M., and arrives at Altoona at 5 20 A. M.
Cincinnati Express, Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 2 19 A. M., and arrives at Altoona at 3 45 A. M.
The Fast Line, Eastward, leaves Huntingdon at 12 22 A. M. and arrives at Harrisburg at 3 20 A. M.
The Cincinnati Express, Eastward, leaves Huntingdon at 6 55 P. M., and arrives at Harrisburg at 10 15 P. M.

NORTH CENTRAL RAILWAY.—On and after all th, trains will leave Harrisburg, as follows:
NORTHWARD.

Stations.	Mail	Fast Line	Williamsport Express	Erie Express
	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M
Harrisburg, Leave	1 45	4 40	10 55	10 40
Harrisburg, Arrive				
			P. M.	A. M.
Williamsport, Arrive	6 30	8 30	2 05	2 00
Elmira,	10 55		5 30	5 25
Canandaigua,			8 25	8 10
Rochester,			9 35	9 20
Buffalo,			12 50	12 10
Suspension Bridge,			1 20	12 30
Niagara Falls,			1 30	12 40
			A. M.	P M

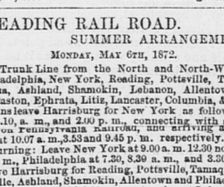
SOUTHWARD.

Stations.	Buffalo Ex	Niagara Express	Pacific Ex	Erie Express	Mail
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Harrisburg, leave	4 05	7 30	11 45	7 35	2 15
Baltimore, arrive	7 20	P. M.	P. M.	10 45	6 50
		12 00	3 00	A. M.	
Washington, arrive	10 00		5 05	5 50	10 00

ED. S. YOUNG,
Dec, 20, 1871. General Passenger Agent.

READING RAIL ROAD.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS.
MONDAY, MAY 6TH, 1872.
Great Trunk Line from the North and North-West for Philadelphia, New York, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Ashland, Shamokin, Lebanon, Allentown, Easton, Ephrata, Lititz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.
Trains leave Harrisburg for New York as follows: at 2.45, 8.10, a. m., and 2.00 p. m., connecting with similar trains on Pennsylvania Railroad, and arriving at New York at 10.07 a. m., 3.53 and 9.45 p. m. respectively.
Returning: Leave New York at 9.00 a. m. 12.30 noon and 5.45 p. m., Philadelphia at 7.30, 8.30 a. m., and 3.30 p. m.
Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland, Shamokin, Allentown and Philadelphia at 8.10 a. m., 2.00 and 4.05 p. m., stopping at Lebanon and principal way stations; the 4.05 p. m. train connecting for Philadelphia, Pottsville and Columbia only. For Pottsville, Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad leave Harrisburg at 3.40 p. m.
East Pennsylvania Railroad trains leave Reading for Allentown, Easton and New York at 4.34, 10.40 a. m., and 4.05 p. m. Returning, leave New York at 9.00 a. m., 12.30 Noon and 5.45 p. m. and Allentown at 7.20 a. m. 12.25 Noon, 2.15, 4.25 and 9.15 p. m.
Way Passenger Train leaves Philadelphia at 7.30 a. m., connecting with similar train on East Penna. Railroad, returning from Reading at 6.20 p. m., stopping at all stations.
Leave Pottsville at 9.00 a. m. and 2.20 p. m., Herndon at 10.00 a. m., Shamokin at 5.40 and 11.15 a. m., Ashland at 7.05 a. m., and 12.45 noon, Mahanoy City at 7.51 a. m. and 1.20 p. m., Tamaqua at 8.35 a. m. and 2.10 p. m. for Philadelphia, New York, Reading, Harrisburg, &c.
Leave Pottsville via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 8.15 a. m., for Harrisburg, and 11.45 a. m., for Pinegrove and Tremont.
Pottsville Accommodation Train leaves Pottsville at 5.50 a. m., passes Reading at 7.25 a. m., arriving at Philadelphia at 9.50 a. m. Returning leaves Philadelphia at 5.15 p. m., passes Reading at 7.40 p. m., arriving at Pottsville at 9.20 p. m.
Pottstown Accommodation Train leaves Pottstown at 6.45 a. m., returning, leaves Philadelphia (Ninth and Green) at 4.30 p. m.
Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 7.20 a. m., and 6.15 p. m., for Ephrata, Lititz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c. Returning leave Lancaster at 8.20 a. m. and 3.25 p. m., and Columbia at 8.15 a. m. and 3.15 p. m.
Perkiomen Railroad trains leave Perkiomen Junction at 7.15, 9.00 a. m., 3.00 and 5.45 p. m.; returning, leave Schwenksville at 6.30, 8.00 a. m., 1.05 Noon and 4.45 p. m. connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.
Pickbring Valley Railroad trains leave Phœnixville at 9.10 a. m., 3.10 and 5.50 p. m.; returning, leave Byers at 6.35 a. m., 12.45 noon, and 4.20 p. m., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.
Colebrookdale Railroad trains leave Pottstown at 9.40 a. m. and 1.20, 6.25 and 7.15 p. m., returning leave Mount Pleasant at 6.00, 8.00 and 11.25 a. m. and 3.25 p. m., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.
Chester Valley Railroad trains leave Bridgeport at 8.30 a. m., 2.40 and 5.33 p. m., returning, leave Downingtown at 6.55 a. m., 12.30 noon, and 5.40 p. m., connecting with similar trains on Reading Railroad.
On Sundays: leave New York at 5.45 p. m., Philadelphia at 8.00 a. m. and 3.15 p. m., (the 8.00 a. m. train running only to Reading,) leave Pottsville at 8.00 a. m., leave Harrisburg at 2.45 a. m. and 2.00 p. m.; leave Allentown at 4.25 and 9.16 p. m.; leave Reading at 7.15 a. m. and 10.35 p. m. for Harrisburg, at 4.34 a. m. for New York, at 7.20 a. m. for Allentown, and 9.40 a. m. and 4.15 p. m. for Philadelphia.
Commutation, Mileage, Season, School and Excursion Tickets, to and from all points, at reduced rates.
Baggage checked through; 100 pounds allowed each Passenger.
J. E. WOOTTEN,
may15,72.] Asst. Supt. & Eng. Mach'ry.

THE PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD will commence running through trains on Monday, 1st proximo.
For the present, the train will leave Cumberland for Pittsburgh at 3.15 A. M., but this will be changed so soon as a Summer Schedule is adopted.
The Accommodation Train will leave at 9 A. M.
D. D. ANGELL,
May 28, '71 Master of Transportation.

WARNING.


MANY CITIZENS of this county who, had been persuaded to buy other kinds of Sewing Machines, which seemed at *first* to work well on a tolerable range of work, have expressed to me their *regrets* that the genuine original Elias Howe Sewing Machine—the best in the world—had not been brought to their notice before purchasing. And judging from the number of offers I have, to trade Howe machines for all other kinds, I estimate that the people of this county have lost more than $26,000 by failing to get, at the first, the *genuine Howe Machine.* It is made on sound mechanical principles, avoids rickety cog-wheels, and is so constructed as to have perfect control by adjustment, and provision made to restore lost motion when it wears, thereby securing extraordinary *durability,* and adaptation to the greatest range of work. Now as my traveling agents may not be able to visit every person in time, and as many inferior machines of different kinds are still being urged on the public, I hereby GIVE NOTICE, that before you spend your time or money on any other machine, the safest plan is, either to write to me direct, or inquire of agents for the famous *Elias Howe,* machine, from Brown's Carpet Store, Huntingdon, Pa., and take no agents word for it, that the machine is genuine, unless it has the medallion at the head of this article, imbedded in the bed plate of every machine.
JAS. A. BROWN,
Huntingdon, Pa., Gen. Agent for Hunt. Co.
Feb. 14, 1872–6mos.

HEADQUARTERS FOR FINE *CANDIES, TOYS, FRUITS, NUTS, &c,* is at D. S. Africa's Variety Store, No. 423, in the Diamond. Also, can be had, a fine assortment of WATCHES, JEWELRY, PEN KNIVES, POCKET BOOKS, TRAVELING SATCHELS, FANCY SOAPS, HAIR OILS, PERFUMERY, &C. Dow's Celebrated Ice Cream Soda Water, in season, at D. S. Africa's Variety Store, No. 423, in the Diamond.
March 15, tf.

Boots, Shoes and Leather.

WHOLESALE MANUFACTORY OF
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Huntingdon, Pa.
The attention of Merchants is called to our
Mens' Farming Balmoral Plow Shoes.
Mens' Brogan Shoes
Mens' Kip Boots.
Mens' all Calf Boots.
Women's and Misses' Calf Polish and Balmoral Shoes.
Women's and Misses' Tampico Goat, Polish and Balmoral Shoes.
All the Calf and Kip we work is Country Tanned, Slaughtered Stock, no Steam Tanned Stock used.
All goods put up in the most THOROUGH and SUBSTANTIAL MANNER.
All our own Stock and Work guaranteed.
For Terms, Prices, &c., address
THE KEYSTONE BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTURING CO.,
oct4-1y. HUNTINGDON, PA.

REMOVED TO THE NORTH EAST Corner of the Diamond.
CAN'T BE BEATEN!
JOHN H. WESTBROOK
Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he has just received from the city a new and splendid stock of
LEATHERS,
BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS,
Hosiery, Shoe Findings, Carpet Sacks, Trunks, &c., &c., &c., &c.
All of which he is prepared to sell at greatly reduced prices.
Don't forget the new stand in the Diamond. Old customers and the public generally are invited to call.
Jan. 4, '71.

DOWN WITH PRICES.
WILLIAM AFRICA
has just opened up a large and varied assortment of
BOOTS,
SHOES,
LADIES' GAITERS,
GLOVE KID SHOES,
and a large supply of heavy work, suitable for men and boys, at very low prices.
I have at all times an assortment of
HANDSOME BOOTS AND SHOES
on hand, which will be disposed of at as reasonable rates as the market will admit of. My stock was selected with great care, and I can confidently recommend all articles in my establishment.
Particular attention paid to the manufacture of customer work, and orders solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed in all orders.
WILLIAM AFRICA.
Jan. 4, '71.

JOHN C. MILLER.
(Successor to C. H. Miller & Son,)
DEALER IN EVERY
VARIETY OF
LEATHER AND
SHOE FINDINGS,
HILL STREET,
HUNTINGDON, PENN'A.
Jan. 4, 1871.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF BOOTS AND SHOES, AT SHAFFER'S NEW STORE.
CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST.
THE subscriber would respectfully inform his old friends and customers, that he has just received from the East a large and well selected stock of
BOOTS AND SHOES!
For Men, Women and Children,
which he is prepared to sell a trifle lower than any other establishment in town. Being a practical shoemaker, and having had considerable experience, he flatters himself that his stock cannot be surpassed in the county.
Give him a call, at the
CHEAP BOOT AND SHOE STORE,
(West end of the Diamond)
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Customer work made to order, in a neat and durable manner.
GEO. SHAFFER.
Jan. 4, '71.

Miscellaneous.

WM. WILLIAMS, MANUFACTURER OF
MARBLE MANTLES, MONUMENTS.
HEADSTONES, &C.,
HUNTINGDON, PA
PLASTER PARIS CORNICES,
MOULDINGS. &C
ALSO SLATE MANTLES FURNISHED TO ORDER.
Jan. 4, '71.

H. ROBLEY, *MERCHANT TAYLOR,*
Has removed to one door south of the Bee Hive, on Montgomery street, where he is prepared to do all kinds of work in his line of business.
He has just received a full line of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, OVERCOATINGS,
and he solicits a call from the public, promising to make goods to order, in a workmanlike manner.

FOR ALL KINDS OF PRINTING
GO TO THE
"JOURNAL BUILDING."

COLORED PRINTING DONE AT the Journal Office, at Philadelphia prices

Hardware.

H. S. WHARTON. J. M. MAGUIRE.
WHARTON & MAGUIRE,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
FOREIGN AND AMERICAN
HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,
IN
LEISTER'S NEW BUILDING,
HUNTINGDON, PA.,
OFFER VERY GREAT INDUCEMENTS TO
BUILDERS,
IN
GLASS, GLASS, GLASS, GLASS, GLASS,
WHITE LEAD, PAINTS OF ALL KINDS,
OILS, NAILS, LOCKS, HINGES,
OILS, NAILS, LOCKS, HINGES,
OILS, NAILS, LOCKS, HINGES,
OILS, NAILS, LOCKS, HINGES,
And Everything Pertaining to Builders,
—ALSO—
DOTY'S PATENT
WASHING MACHINE
UNIVERSAL
CLOTHES WRINGERS,
TORRY'S PATENT ICE CREAM
FREEZERS,
OF ALL SIZES.
WE ALSO OFFER THE FAMOUS
"NIAGARA"
"NIAGARA"
"NIAGARA"
"NIAGARA"
"NIAGARA"
COOK STOVE,
COOK STOVE,
COOK STOVE,
COOK STOVE,
COOK STOVE,
So highly recommended by every person using the same.
CALL AND EXAMINE OUR
HEATING AND COOK STOVES,
Of all descriptions, including the
POPULAR
MORNING-GLORY.
—ALSO—
REAPERS AND MOWERS,
HORSE HAY-RAKES,
GUM SPRING GRAIN DRILLS,
PLOUGHS,
SHOVEL MOULDL,
HARROW TEETH,
HORSE SHOES, IRON, &c., &c.
HUBS,
SPOKES,
FELLOES,
SHAFTS,
TONGUES,
SLEIGH RUNNERS AND FENDERS,
SLEIGH ROBES,
STEEL TYRE,
SENECA FALLS AND READING
THIMBLE SKEINS, & PIPE BOXES
Ever before offered in this part of the State.
SEND FOR OUR PRICES

Miscellaneous.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR
10 Years of a Public Test
Has proved
DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR
To have more merit than any similar preparation ever offered the public.
It is rich in the medicinal qualities of Tar, and unequaled for diseases of the Throat and Lungs, performing the most remarkable cures.
Coughs, Colds, Chronic Coughs.
It effectually cures them all
Asthma and Bronchitis.
It has cured so many cases it has been pronounced a specific for these complaints.
For Pains in Breast,
Side or Back,
Gravel or Kidney Disease,
Disease of the Urinary Organs,
Jaundice or any Liver Complaint,
It has no equal.
It is also a superior Tonic,
Restores the Appetite,
Strengthens the System,
Restores the weak and Debilitated,
Causes the Food to Digest,
Removes Dyspepsia and Indigestion,
Prevents Malarous Fevers,
Gives tone to your system.
TRY DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR.
DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR
Has proved itself in thousands of cases capable of curing all diseases of the Throat and Lungs.
DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR
Cures all Chronic Coughs, and Coughs and Colds, more effectually than any other remedy.
DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR
Has cured cases of Consumption pronounced incurable by physicians.
DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR
Has cured so many cases of Asthma and Bronchitis that it has been pronounced a specific for these complaints.
PURIFY YOUR BLOOD.
DR. CROOK'S COMPOUND
*SYRU